The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,826—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1903. PRICE 4

ROBERT, PORTER & CO.'S
BULL DOG BOTTLING
OF
BASS'S ALE
AND
GUINNESS' STOUT
CAN BE HAD AT
All Wine Merchants, Bars, Restaurants, and Hotels.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
* MASSILIA	5011	G W Cookman	28th March.
M.I. ARABIA	7903	T. Leigh	4th April,
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	11th "
M.I. BRITANNIA	6525	F. H. Seymour	18th "
* MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cookman	25th "
M.I. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	2nd May
* PENINSULAR	5891	A. G. Cubitt	9 h "
M.I. CALEDONIA	7598	E. H. Gordon	16th "
* INDIA	7911	F. W. Vibert	23rd "
M.I. PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	30th "

The steamers marked M. I. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.
The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.
Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11-30 A.M. and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.
Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.
Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 10th March, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st April 1903.
IMPERATRIX	C. Bollen	4,191	1st May, 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600,	Rs. 325,	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MAR. BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevich	4,459	18th April 1903
b FRANZ FERDINAND	A. Martinolich	6,043	17th May 1903
b SILESIA		5,159	18th June 1903

b Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150,

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
MELPOMENE		2,971	30th Mar., 1903

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to
E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 28, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 23th March, 1903.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.

S. S. "CITY OF VIENNA," 6,930 Tons, Captain J. Campbell, WILL SAIL about the 22nd April, for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL via KARACHI. Splendid accommodation for 80 1st Class Passengers, SURGEON and STEWARDESS carried. Fitted with Electric Light and every comfort for Passengers. All Cabins on the Upper Deck.

FARES.
From Bombay to MARSEILLES ..... Rs. 320
" " LIVERPOOL ..... " 450
" " LONDON via MARSEILLES (overland) with 1st Class Rail Ticket.. " 525

For Passage and full particulars apply to —
Messrs. EDWARD BATES & SONS Agency.
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co.
Bombay, March 26, 1903.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S. S. "KINSHIU MARU," Captain F. L. Pyne, 3,851 Tons, WILL SAIL for SINGAPORE, CHINA and JAPAN on 31st instant.

For freight and passage apply to
T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.
Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 23rd March, 1903.

WILLIAM WATSON & Co.
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—82, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID—6, Quay Francois Joseph
CAPE TOWN—92, Adderley Street, S.A.
DURBAN S.A.—Gardiner Street.
JOHANNESBURG—7, Tyne Buildings, Market Street, S. A.

PASSENGER SEASON, 1902.
PASSAGES secured by P. & O., Austrian Lloyds, Messageries, Rubattino, Anchor, and the other LINERS and all NON-LINERS, at lowest rates. NO COMMISSION charged.
SELECTED NON-LINERS to Continent and England from Rs. 300.
"SOCIAL GROUPING." Special care exercised in this LIST of all SAILINGS, with details, furnished promptly
REDUCTIONS for FAMILIES and PARTIES.
SPECIAL reductions for MISSIONARIES and RAILWAY EMPLOYEES.
PASSAGES from any PART of the WORLD arranged through our several HOUSES and AGENCIES.
CONTINENTAL RAIL TICKETS arranged.
PASSENGERS met at Railway Stations and conducted on Board or to Hotels.
PARCELS and HEAVY GOODS shipped to any part of the world.
BAGGAGE and CARGO CLEARED, DESPATCHED and INSURED.
DUTY and all CHARGES prepaid, if desired.
SMALL PARCELS enclosed in our Regular PARCEL CASES.
SOLDIERS' HEAVY BOXES shipped to any address CHEAPLY.
TROOPSHIP BAGGAGE shipped. Horses and Dogs shut out from same, forwarded economically.
SOLE AGENTS AT BOMBAY FOR
Messrs. CURTISS AND SONS,
TROOPSHIP AGENTS,
PORTSMOUTH AND SOUTHAMPTON.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "KISTNA," 1,182 tons, on FRIDAY, the 3rd April, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.
S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 31st March, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebundar, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting.)

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.
S. S. "CHINDWARA," 2,011 tons, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st April, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abass, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahoomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.
S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 2nd April at 10 a.m.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND ADEN.
S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 2nd April.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.
A STEAMER, on or about TUESDAY, 31st March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 27th March, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.
Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

THE S. S. "ASCOT," 4,333 Tons, Captain A. Stoker, WILL SAIL about the 3rd April, for SINGAPORE and KOBE. No Surgeon and Stewardess.
For Passage and full particulars apply to :—
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS,
TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY,
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy Fromy	9th Apr. 1903.
TONKIN	6,383	Schmitz	7th May 1903.
CALEDONIEN	4,232	X.	4th June 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONKIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
S. S. "CALEDONIEN," 4,232 tons, Captain X....., to sail on or about the 1st April, 1903.
For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of passengers.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and REMITTANCES made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

KEATING'S POWDER
IS HARMLESS to Animal Life.

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES.

KILLS BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, MOSQUITOES,

The genuine powder bears the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in Tin and Bottles only.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is perfectly safe and mild, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles by all Druggists.

Proprietor: THOMAS KEATING, London

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY
BY
TODARMAR,
Price Re. 1, Postage all-anna
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

ARE YOU A CONNOISSEUR IN TEA

A DAILY TREAT !!
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL AWARDED IN POONA EXHIBITION.

Tea in Perfection from the Tea Plant to the Tea Cup in its Native Purity. — Exquisite Flavour. Delicate Aroma. Youngest Growths. — Choicest of Tea at the lowest possible cost and saving all middlemen's profits.

Important to Mofussil: Free Delivery on their Station.
Prices from Re. 1-12 to As. 11 Per Packet.

J. E. MODY,
TEA AND COFFEE MART,
HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should apply for the Rates and conditoins of the

ORIENTAL
which are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its formation.

LOANS ON THE COMPANY'S POLICIES.
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Immediate payment of Claims on proof of death and title.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application at the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY,

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE FIRST & THE LAST TIME
WE WILL GIVE
Rs. 7,000
Inclusive of a Pair of Handsome GOLD BRACELETS set with Diamonds and Emeralds, valued at
Rs. 2,000
FIRST PRIZE.
Prize Tickets will be presented free of cost, up to the 28th March, 1903, To the Purchasers
— OF A —
STERLING CHAIN, Rs. 1-8
— OR A —
SET OF SOVEREIGN STUDS, Rs. 1-8
— OR AN —
ENGLISH-MAKE TIMEPIECE, Rs. 3-8
(WITH 5 YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
— OR A —
LADY'S OR GENT'S SILVER WATCH, Rs. 7-8
(WITH FIVE YEARS' GUARANTEE.)
We highly recommend these well-finished articles, good for rough use and well worth the money.
THE DRAWING WILL BE HELD ON THE 4TH APRIL, 1903, ON THE
"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"
In the presence of Representatives of Local Newspapers and the Public who are invited to witness the *ona fide* Drawing.

PRIZES.

		Rs.
1	Prize (Pair of Gold Bracelets set with Diamond)	2,000
4	Prizes (Pair each of Gold well-finished Bracelets) Rs. 150 each	600
1	Prize Cash	300
2	Prizes "	150 " 300
3	Do. "	75 " 225
2	Do. "	50 " 100
25	Do. "	25 " 625
10	Do. "	20 " 200
50	Do. "	15 " 750
50	Do. "	10 " 500
50	Do. "	5 " 250
100	Do. "	4 " 400
100	Do. "	3 " 300
125	Do. "	2 " 250
523	Prizes Total	7,000

N.B.—Out-station Orders promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. System.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
ART JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS
178, DHURRUMTOLLAH STREET, CALCUTTA.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

W. B. GREEN & CO.'S
APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT.
OYSTERS NOW IN SEASON.
COOMBE'S XXXX STOUT & McEWAN'S ALE
ON DRAUGHT.
BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS & DINNERS
TABLE D'HOTE or A LA CARTE.
served till 8-45 P.M.
SPECIAL LADIES ROOM FOR LIGHT REFRESHMENTS.
ICE CREAMS, CAKES, THE LATEST AMERICAN DRINKS
THE BAND OF THE XXIII BOMBAY RIFLES
PLAYS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING from 7 to 9 o'clock.

BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY
"KEY" MARK PILSENER BEER:
LIGHT, PURE, WHOLESOME.
HADENFELDT & CO., CALCUTTA,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS IN INDIA.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO.,
KARACHI AND BOMBAY.
To be had of all Wine and Spirit Dealers.

NEMESIS' AGUE SPECIFIC.
THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1.
F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS

We have arranged for the regular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the
FINEST
HAVANA TOBACCO
Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices :—
"MULETA" Principes
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's,
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.
"COMPOSIA" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.
"COMPOSIA" Imperatrix
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.
"MULETA" Graciosos
3 3/4 inches, Rs 13-4 per 100 in. 50's,
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's,
ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
CAPITAL £100,000.
GENERAL MINING BANKERS.
Business in all Mining Shares quoted or not quoted on the London Stock Exchange.
Advances made on Mining Shares at 6 per cent. per annum.
MINING PROPERTIES NEGOTIATED.
LONDON AND PARIS EXCHANGE, LIMITED.
Basildon House, Moorgate Street, London, E.C.
President:— ALEXIS MORETON MANDEVILLE.
Cablegrams:— "PLENARILY LONDON."
Bedford McNeil Morrens and Neal } Joint
N.B.—A Handbook fully explaining the business operations of the Exchange can be had on application free from the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JEWE[illegible]
THE ATTENT[illegible] to the dan[illegible] weak claws and t[illegible] Those who have [illegible] there is any susp[illegible] should at once b[illegible]
We undertak[illegible] cription but also [illegible] able from our lar[illegible] ment of those fo[illegible]
W[illegible]
We undert[illegible] MECHANICAL[illegible] a MODERATE[illegible] labour in this De[illegible] we do.
[illegible] TIME and at [illegible] skilled and intelligent [illegible] which enable us to guarantee all work that

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCH MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
[ESTABLISHED 1862]
Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
(ESTABLISHED 1856).
THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).
THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).
THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).
As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.
Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.
ARE NOW PREPARED TO
CATER FOR
LARGE PARTIES,
RECEPTIONS,
BALLS,
"AT HOMES," WEDDINGS, etc., etc.,
AT SHORT NOTICE.
TERMS ON APPLICATION.
Mofussil Orders receive the prompt and careful attention of the Managing Proprietors.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.
HEAD OFFICE: 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS
Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to
AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE
SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Whole Life Premiums.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Payable at death, or in 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	Age next Birthday.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 13	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	[illegible]	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	[illegible]	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 8	34
35	[illegible]	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	[illegible]	63 8	48 0	40 12	67 2	50 14	42 2	36
37	[illegible]	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	43 11	37
38	[illegible]	66 1	50 1	42 5	67 14	51 13	43 5	38
39	[illegible]	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	[illegible]	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	53 14	44 10	40
41	[illegible]	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 5	45 6	41
42	[illegible]	71 11	54 13	46 14	69 13	54 3	46 4	42
43	[illegible]	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43
44	[illegible]	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44
45	[illegible]	76 7	58 13	50 13	71 11	56 12	49 6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The Premiums would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.
OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.
OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS
Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowment Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

[redacted]

NOTIC[redacted]

CONSIGNEES of CARG[redacted] S. S. "KINSHIU MARU," CHINA, JAPAN, &c., are hereby DISCHARGING her CARGO in No. 14, VICTORIA DOCK. All claims for damages, &c., must be sent to the Office within ten days after the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No Survey will be held on Packages warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed.

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 23rd March, 1903.

NOTICE.

THE PALATINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS of the above Company and are prepared to accept INSURANCES against FIRE at advantageous Rates.

BRADBURY BRADY & COMPANY,
6345, Apollo Street, Bombay, 24th March, 1903.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

EXHIBITION

AT THE SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ARTS, BOMBAY.

OPEN from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

ADMISSION 4 Annas.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12
Ditto (including postage to Europe), Rs. 15
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

THE SOUTHERN INDIA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on TUESDAY, 7th day of April, 1903, at 3 P.M., to receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the half-year ending 30th June, 1902.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HEERJEE JAMSETJEE BOYCE,
Accountant.

Bombay, 26th March, 1903.

N.B.—The ACCOUNT BOOKS of the Company are in the meanwhile OPEN to INSPECTION of Shareholders during office hours.

THE SOUTHERN INDIA SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 7th day of April, 1903, at 3-30 P.M., to transact the following business:—

1. To put the Company into voluntary liquidation.
2. To appoint a Liquidator.
3. To fix his remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HEERJEE JAMSETJEE BOYCE,
Accountant.

Bombay, the 2 th March, 1903.

SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of STORES, STATIONERY and other Articles to the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, for the Official Year 1903-04. All Tenders will be received in the office of the aforesaid School on or before the 1st of April next, in sealed covers. Lists of goods required can be obtained at the School Office, the quantity of each article required is of the best. No guarantee is given that the lowest or any Tender will be accepted.

C. L. BURNS,
Principal,
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, 20th March, 1903.

NOTICE.

MISS JOHNSON (late of Mrs. POMEROY'S, 29, Old Bond Street) and Miss DUPUIS has OPENED BUSINESS for Face Massage, Electrolysis, at 41, Watson's Annexe, Bombay. Hours 7-30 A.M. to 12-30 P.M. and 3-30 to 5-30 P.M. THURSDAYS till 12-30 P.M. Terms—Single Treatment, Rs. 7. Course of six, Rs. 30. Preparations sent to all parts of India. Advice and Consultation Free. Book sent on application.

TO MARINE ENGINEERS.

SOTHERN'S MARINE ENGINEERING COLLEGE,

59 Bridge St., Glasgow.

PRINCIPAL—J. W. SOTHERN, M.I.E.S.,

Practical Engineer and Draughtsman.

ENGINEERS who intend competing for BOARD of TRADE CERTIFICATES can be supplied with the following, on remitting £1-5-0 (sailors address 1 Complete set Arithmetical Papers and Solutions,
1 " " Drawing Cards with "Instructions"
and "Statements."
1 Copy "100 necessary Questions and Answers."
1 " " Verbal Notes and Sketches."

Part of the above money will be allowed to those, who on going home, join our classes previous to going up for Examination.

HOME IN LONDON (near St. Paul's Schools, for Children of Parents residing in India, where a young Lady will undertake tuition in English and French. Music if desired. Not a School. Terms Fifty Guineas to Ninety Guineas per annum. Mr. HAMBRIDGE, Surgeon Dentist, 3, Gunterstone Road, West Kensington, London. Card of terms may be obtained from Bombay Gazette Office, Bombay.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS

ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N. B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES, OR IN STERLING.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1894 and 1901 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1894 and 1901, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Single Copy .....Annas 4.
Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

NOTIFICATIONS.

[redacted]MONIC SOCIETY.

[redacted]ERT to be held in the [redacted] HALL, [redacted]RCH, 1903, AT 9-30 P.M.

[redacted]I.
[redacted]unde' .....Schubert
[redacted]s Oxfordshire
[redacted]y Regiment,
[redacted]der abendstern "..Wagner
[redacted]SULLIVAN.
[redacted]Concerto (No. 2) ...Bach
[redacted]d Miss CRUM.
[redacted]" Si tu m'aimais" ...Denza
[redacted]DURAN.
[redacted]r.H.
[redacted]VEDDING-FEAST
[redacted]Y
[redacted]GE-TAYLOR
[redacted]D R
[redacted]o CHORUS.
[redacted], R. A.
[redacted]mbering about Ninety.
[redacted]Messrs. ROSE & Co.

[redacted]OF INDIA, LIMITED.

[redacted]TICE.

[redacted]BOOKS of the Bank will [redacted]ist to the 5th April, both dates [redacted]der of the Board.
[redacted]OBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

[redacted]TICE.

THE UNDERSI[redacted]D has RESUMED PRACTICE as MARI[redacted]NE SURVEYOR.

W. CROWDER.

3, Apollo Street, 26th March, 1903.

COMFORTABLE HOME offered in Doctor's Family in a healthy part of North London, for ONE or TWO LITTLE GIRLS. Lady Nurse and German Maid kept. Excellent references given and required.

Mrs. POWELL,
Manor Lodge, Upper Clapton, London, England.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. HAJEE EBRAHIM BROS. beg to inform their numerous Customers that from the 1st of April, 1903 their Establishment will be REMOVED to No. 1 Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Market.

The BOOT and SHOE DEPARTMENT will REMAIN in their Old Premises, No. 1, Upper Storey, opposite Crawford Market.

NOTICE.

MAX MINCK & Co., LAHORE.
WATCH MANUFACTURERS AND JEWELLERS, DIAMOND MERCHANTS.
ESTABLISHED 1875.

Intend forming the[redacted]r business into a Company, Limited, 8 per cent. on paid up Shares guaranteed.

Apply for Prospectus, to the SECRETARY to the Proposed MAX MINCK & Co., Ld., Lahore.
Lahore, 15th March, 1903.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY, No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF MILL MACHINERY, ENGINES, BOILERS, TANKS, BEAM SCALES, &c., belonging to the Jairam Mills, Limited, at Delisle Road near the Elphinstone Road Station.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Liquidator appointed by the High Court of Bombay, Re the Jairam Mills, Limited, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Mazagon, on MONDAY, the 30th March, 1903, at 2-30, p.m., at the mill premises, all the machinery, &c., consisting of 1 compound engine, by Hicks and Hargreaves, 700 indicated horse power, 4 boilers Howdon's patent with 2 engines to drive the fans with driving apparatus, chimneys and steam pipes, 1 donkey engine, 1 fire service donkey engine, 304 lengths with spare beams, hangers and steam pipes, 3 lines of scutchers by Platts, 3 scutchers by Lord, 2 Chrighton openers, 1 bonda breaking machine, 1 willow, shaftings, pulleys and beltings, lap bars, spring scale, 2 sizing tanks, 4 drawing beams, bevel wheels, 1 drawing frame flathering-ton's (loose), 4 beam scales and triangles; 1 small road roller, 1 trolly lines with pulleys, 1 overhead cast iron tank (loose), 6 iron beams (girders), blacksmith bellows, anvils, lathes, drilling machines, bench vices, tools, tailing and bundling presses, 107 reeling machines, crab winch, timber pieces, old iron, &c.

The above is on view and will be sold either in one lot or in lots suitable to purchasers.

SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS of Buildings at Kalbadevi, Popatwadi Lobarchal, Patukwadi, and Second Esplanade Cross Road.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the premises on TUESDAY, the 31st March, 1903, at 12 a.m., the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

All the materials of buildings Street Nos. 1, 62—64 : Kalbadevi Road; 22—21 Popatwadi : 231—211; 195—197 (1); 153; 139—151 (1) 64; Lobar-chal Street; 18—22; 12—16; 13—15 Patukwadi lane; 14—16; 20—22 Second Esplanade Cross Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

SALE OF DRY COCOANUT (COPRA), CHILLIES, GOLAL AND DRY GINGER IN BAGS, SCALE AND WEIGHTS, &c.

By order of N. C. Macleod, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and in re Lalljee Nathoo Thacker, an Insolvent, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 3rd April, 1903, at 2-30 p.m., at No. 5 Vud Gady (Mandvie), consisting of bags and robbins of dry cocoanut (copra), chillies, golal, and dry ginger, beam scale with weights, empty mehta boxes, ambla, pillows, old gunny bags, brass deevi, pictures, &c.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY on the Northern Side of Mirze Alli Mahomed Khan Street or Old Nagpada.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the Indian Trust Act 1882 and in the matter of the estate of Abba Moledina deceased,

Jackeria Abba .....Appellant,
vs.
Ahmed Abba .....Opponent.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq. the Receiver appointed herein by a Judge's order bearing date the 27th day of November, 1902, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell the following property by Public Auction at the premises on the 15th day of April, 1903, at 4-30 p.m.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the northern side of Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan Street, or Old Nagpada commonly called Attaree Mohalla of Chunam Kiln Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Subdistrict of Bombay containing by admeasurement 340 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under B Ward No. 3170, Street Nos. 16-26 Chunam Kiln 2nd Lane and which said hereditaments and premises are bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east by the property formerly of Hajee Abdul Latif and now of Hajee Haroon Tyeb, on or towards the west by the property formerly of Ebrahim Tar Mahomed and now of Natha Visani, on or towards the north by a sweeper's passage, and on or towards the south by a Public Road formerly known as Mirza Alli Mahomed Khan or Old Nagpada, and now known as Chunam Kiln 2nd Lane.

For further particulars and conditions on sale application may be made to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Receiver, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 22th March, 1903.

BEST QUALITY.

CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES OF NORTH BRITISH RUBBER TYRE COMPANY, LD.

No. 620.

TYRE for 13-4 Channel Rs. 2-6 per foot.
Do. for 1 1¼ " " 1-14 "

SOLD BY

NOORMAHOMED RUTTONSEY,

BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

BHENDY BAZAR, BOMBAY.

NEW STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THE *Bombay Gazette* are bringing out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 2-32d. to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six month's Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken [redacted]ntals.

To subscribers the C[redacted]ill be Rs. 1-8 per copy To non-subscribers Rs. 2

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinal Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

FISH EATERS.—FISH KNIVES and FORKS, Electroplated Nickel Silver Blades and Forks with Xylonite Handles. Six pairs in case Rs. 25. Twelve pairs in case Rs. 50.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

MANGE and other forms of SKIN DISEASES in Horses, Dogs, and Cattle can easily be cured by a few applications of the original G'e Liniment. Prepared only by THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PREMIER CYCLES.—With the celebrated Helical Steel Tube Frames. All the latest features are embodied. These fine Machines are priced to suit all classes of buyers. Sole Agents: W. H. THORNS & Co., 13-15, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

PAY a VISIT to JACKERIA EBRAHIM'S SHOP No. 62, Esplanade Cross Road, opposite Market Police Office, it will repay you. Large Assortment of Goods, and Oilmanstores by every Mail at Fair Rates.

BEST INDIAN and CHINA SILK EMBROIDERY in Screens, Cushion, Bed and Table Covers, etc., just received.—P. MEHTA & Co., Medows Street, Fort.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—Phaetons and Tongas for WATHAR, PANCHGANI and MAHABLESHWAR. For rates apply to BAPOO SHERKUR, Wai.

MAHABLESHWAR DAK.—By Special Appointment to H. E. THE GOVERNOR, Ready laid PHAETON and TONGA between WATHAR, PANCHGANI and MAHABLESHWAR. For Rates write to N. FRAMJI ARDESHIR & Co., Government Mail Contractors, Poona.

SHORTHAND WRITERS and TYPISTS desirous of securing employment should communicate with the SECRETARY and TREASURER, INDIAN SHORTHAND-TYPISTS' ASSOCIATION, 19, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

ICES AND REFRESHMENT.—Every day two kinds of ICES, WINES and SPIRITS of the best kind. Fresh Pastry, Hot Mutton Patties.—MORENAS & Co., Meadow St., Bombay.

INCANDESCENT BURNERS, durable Mantles, Glass and Mica Chimneys and Globes. Best articles at cheap rates.—C. S. POCHEE & SON, Sitaram Building, near Crawford Market.

IXL DURRIES in fast colours. New patterns now ready.—Free on application to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

FOR WHATEVER you need in the Household or for furnishing Camp or Bungalow please apply to WM. S. MARRIOTT, The Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

CURETINE COMPOUND (Lawson's) cures where Copaiba and Sandal Oil fails. One Bottle Annas 12. Apply HOMI BROS., Opticians, New Building, No. 2, 1st Floor, near Crawford Market, Bombay.

RUBBER TYRES, Rubber Tyre Wheels, Harness, Saddles, Carriage Lamps, Carriage Trimmings, and Stable Requisites. Send for Catalogue.—E. S. MALLA & Co., 395, Bhendy Bazaar, Bombay.

FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL is a "Multum in Parvo" cure for diseases arising from inactive Liver and alimentary Canal. The best Remedy for Hot climate.—MADON SONS & Co. The Original Madon's Pharmacy, No. 16-18 Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY, from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. MUIR & Co., Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & [redacted]NIRE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English Indian Designs or made to Order.—Chuch[redacted]

REPAIRS to WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY of every description executed promptly and carefully. Charges Moderate.—CURSETJEE CAWASJEE, G. I. P. Ry. Watchmaker, 53, Esplanade Rd.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 1250 Fire Test Oil. Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York. Sold at their Godowns, Mazagaon.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 1560 sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Remp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-8-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhat, at Rs. 5-8-2 per case, at Baudora.

CYCLIST.—Apply for our Price List. Don't pay Fancy Prices. Silver King Lamp Rs. 7-8, G. and J. Cover Rs. 13.—WELLINGTON CYCLE Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay, and Main Street, Poona.

OLIVER TYPEWRITER.—The World's Standard visible WRITING MACHINE. Neatest, Lightest, most portable Machine. Most powerful manifolder. Writes 84 Characters with only 28 Keys. Price Rs. 350 nett. Sole Agents: W. H. THORNS & Co., 13-15, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Review, Calcutta Review, &c., &c. Apply C. C., care of "Bombay Gazette."

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" and containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage, English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

REMOVAL.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Photographers, will REMOVE their Studio from 1st April, 1903, from Whiteaway Laidlaw Building to Sobhag Mahel, the first house on Walkeshur Road. Please note the change of address.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY, Neatly printed, Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

IN CONSTANT USE FOR 10 YEARS.—Mrs. M. Blyth, Colaba, says:—Singer's Family Machine had been in constant use for 10 years, for both heavy and light work, and only cost me few annas for trifling repairs.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East. Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 3 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants, Patronized by the Officers of the Services, Army and Navy, as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Governess and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee Rs. 2 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY Edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3 to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1 Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail Edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas; 8 to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 5 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one rupee.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM.—A safe, speedy, and efficacious Remedy for Cough, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, &c., &c., Rs. 1 per Bottle, Prepared only by THOMSON & TAYLOR, CHEMISTS, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Office.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner for various other great Poets by W. K. H. PRICE Re 1, Postage annas 4. To be had at this Office.

MEDICAL GALVANISM

HAS CONQUERED some of the most obstinate complaints after all other remedies have failed.

BELTS IMPROVED ELECTRIC BELTS and BATTERIES, for wearing next the body without blistering or injuring the skin. These appliances are

PERFECT GENERATORS OF ELECTRICITY, and are most comfortable in wear.

PRICE ONE GUINEA.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO and GOUT are speedily RELIEVED by this Powerful Agent.

ELECTRIC BELT and SUSPENSOR, price 42s., for MEN, for VARICOCELE, Nervous DEBILITY and EXHAUSTION, &c.

PAMPHLETS GRATIS, CONSULTATIONS FREE.

HALE AND SON, MEDICAL GALVANISTS
105 REGENT STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 93 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses:—

POMMERY AND GRENO,	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON,	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN,	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER,	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Avize.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS,	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL,	Edinburgh
NATH, JOHNSTON & SONS,	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE,	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS,	Bordeaux
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
RIDD AND SHADBOLT,	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG,	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR,	Côte d'Or.
ACKERMANN LAURANCE,	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN,	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL,	Budapesth.
R. SOHLUMBERGER,	Vöslau.
JAMES CATCHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
HENRY WHITEWAY & Co.	Whimple.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE,	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON,	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen.
SÖHNLEIN & Co.	Schierstein
STEWART STEWART & Co.	London.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expense of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

LAWSON'S LIQUEUR WHISKY.

Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character. Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

WHAT FINER CAN YOU DRINK THAN JOHN JAMESON & SONS' (DUBLIN) "OWN CASED" VERY OLD BLACK-BOTTLE WHISKEY.

Please see you get it with

METAL CAPSULES { BLUE.....One Star. PINK.....Two Stars. GOLD.....Three Stars

OF ALL DEALERS.

Sole Export Bottling Agents to J. J. & S. C. DAY & Co., LONDON.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED, CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,

GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinions as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

7, HORNBY ROAD.

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS

FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON

AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION,

ALSO

HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers

FOR TERMS APPLY TO

VINCENT AND COMPANY.

A BOON TO WEAK MEN.

AN originally scientific means of Curing Nervous Debility and its Various Physical and Nervous Ailments without the use of Nauseous Stomach Medicines.

The Method is easy and sure, and a Permanent and Effective Cure is Ensured in all Cases of Weakness in Young and Old Men.

Fully Explanatory Pamphlet sent sealed free of charge.—Address C. MURRAY, 7, Southampton Row, High Holborn, London, England.

WEAK MEN! DELICATE WOMEN.—Peter's Brain Panacia is for you! The great invigorating tonic of the day for the Nerve, Muscle and Brain.—MADON SONS & Co. The Original Madon's Pharmacy, No. 16-18, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

THE ITALIAN STORES,

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,

105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STEVEDORES AND PURVEYORS TO THE NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO AND RUBATTINO, BOMBAY; AND TO THE ITALIAN ROYAL MARINE, RUSSIAN AND ARGENTINE MEN-O'WAR.

GRUYERE, PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA Cheeses.
FINEST LUCCA OIL; Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
ASPARAGUS, (French Italian and German).
MILAN SAUSAGES in Skin (Italian).
ANCHOVIES SALTED (loose); and in oil in Bottles.
FRANKFORT SAUSAGES, Plain, and with Sauerkroute
TUNNY FISH IN OIL (French and Italian).
CAVIARE.
SARDINES, { Royans Victoria. à la Tomate. Plain in finest Lucca oil.
BLACK OLIVES (loose) in oil.
GREEN OLIVES (French) in Bottles.
FRENCH and ITALIAN PREPARED MUSTARD assorted in Bottles.

MASTIC de CHIO 2-8 Bot. Vermouth (Italian and French) Chianti, Barbera, Capri, Lacrima, Christi and Marsala. Cherry and Blackberry Brandy. Asti Spumanti and Duc de Marsat (champagne.)

Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Soup Paste, Lentilles, Beans, Gram (Milanese), Rice (Carolina), Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Almonds, Italian Lemons, Malaga Raisins and Figs (Naples.)

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET as a speciality and a thoroughly genuine article, only Rs. 10 per doz. Bots.

DR. DE ROOS'
COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

The only reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in [redacted]s at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s., by all the principal Merchants in India.

Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "DR DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, as this ensures genuineness.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and impotency.—Price 11s., or four times the quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; Weakness across the Loins, Sand, or other Deposits, Discharges, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally.—Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled.—1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d., per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' MEDICINES bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. De Roos, containing

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ..... $ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ..... $ 5,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ... $ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :
J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE.
SIR THOS. JACKSON, Bart., Chairman.
Wm. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.

SIR SWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G., A. M. TOWNSEND, } Managers.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON
BOMBAY.	HYTONG.	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA

BOMBAY AGENCY
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM,
Acting Agent.

2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,25,000

HEAD OFFICE :
37 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy.
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin.
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Karachee,	Rangoon,	Nowera Elya,	Mombassa.
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 15,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

Mr. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co,
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest :—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 3 Months.....	4 „
„ 6 Months.....	4½ „
„ 12 Months.....	5 „
„ 2 Years.....	5½ „

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent,
Calcutta, 3rd February, 1903.

LONDON BRANCH :
19 GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E. C.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—*A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, our Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.*

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER,

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the state, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Chesnire Regiment, Chester, writes :" I suffered from Eczema in the leg for some time, for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few mini utes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. This was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not had the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life.

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are to-day in good health, and one says they were at work again. They say the medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1899."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes :—" I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture with good results, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 21, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, Rs.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark:—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," shown on the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

BANKER & Co.,

GENT'S TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESSMAKERS.

GENT'S SUITS, &c., MADE ON INSTALMENT SYSTEM.

38, Esplanade Cross Road,
OPPOSITE GOKULDAS HOSPITAL.

FUTURE FROM HANDWRITING!

YOUR character, marriage partner described, business, love, health, changes and chief events accurately told. Send a specimen of your writing, signed with usual signature, and enclose twenty halfanna postage stamps and a stamped addressed envelope to

"GRAPHOLOGISTS,
Mandvi Post, Bombay."

NOTE.—Don't send it if you dislike plain speaking.

BANKS.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.

BRANCHES :
Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi,

Sub-Branches :—Murree (April to October) and Amritsar
Sub-Agencies :—Bangalore, Moulmein City and Ivallpore,

CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittance.

	4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—	
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.	
2 years at 5½ „ „	

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above Interest Deposit Accounts

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards and receive 2 per cent. per annum, upon the daily balances, provided a minimum daily balance of Rs. 50 is maintained.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches,

W. MOIR,
Manager.
Bombay, 11th November, 1902.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £800,000
RESERVE FUND £650,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..... £800,000

HEAD OFFICE.
HATON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Ipoh (Perak)	Hongkong.
Calcutta,	Singapore.	Foochow.
Madras,	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Rangoon,	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Colombo.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Penang.	Soerabaya.	Yokohama.
Tsaiping,	Manilla	Kobe.
Melan, Deli	Cebu, (Philippine Islands)	New York

The Corporation GRANT DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches; buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange; issue Letters of Credits; and undertake general Banking business.

FIXED DEPOSITS

are received for TWELVE MONTHS at FOUR PER CENT. per annum. Rate for shorter periods may be ascertained on application.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.
Bombay Agency, Esplanade.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... „ 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 9,000,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Newchang.

LONDON BANKERS :—

THE BANK OF ENGLAND ; THE LONDON and JOINT STOCK BANK LD ; THE UNION OF LONDON and SMITH'S BANK LD. ; THE PARR'S BANK LD.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Beauty

ICILMA FLUOR CREAM is unrivalled for preserving the skin in HOT CLIMATES from sunburn, prickly heat, insect bites, and all irritations. Deliciously perfumed with a pure flower scent. Sold by the ARMY and NAVY CO-OPERATIVE STORES,
Icilma, 142 Gray's Inn Road, London, W. C.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms, ulcers, sore throat, and all diseases, for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health, their operation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising restorative strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

SOUTH AFRICA, 1899-1902.

MENTIONED IN DESPATCHES.

(2ND EDITION,)

Being a Complete List of Officers and Men of the Army and Navy mentioned in Despatches (with details of act for which mentioned, where such has been gazetted); together with a List of those awarded the Victoria Cross (with details), Conspicuous Service Cross, Distinguished Service Order, and Distinguished Conduct Medals; and of Nursing Sisters who have been awarded the Royal Red Cross.

Also List of all Honours and Special Promotions in the Army and Navy gazetted up to November, 1902.

PRICE ONE SHILLING,
By Post 1-2.

THE ARMY & NAVY GAZETTE,
3 YORK STREET, COVENT GARDEN,
LONDON, W. C.

Distinguished everywhere for its delicate flavour and superior quality. Specially valuable to the nervous and dyspeptic.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

Sold only in ½-lb. and 1-lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, MARCH 26.

The Bombay mail of 14th inst. arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SECURITIES—
2½ per cent. Consols ..... 26 3/4 = + 1/4
2½ per cent. Rentes ..... 99 = unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan ..... £106 = do
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper ..... 85 7/8 = do

SILVER—
Spot in London ..... 22 7/16 = do
2 months hence ..... 22 1/4 = do
Spot in New York ..... 48 3/8 = do

EXCHANGES—
Paris cheques ..... 25·17 = + 1/2
Berlin „ ..... 20·20 1/4 = — 1/4
New York Demand..... 4·87 = unchanged

DISCOUNTS—
Bank of England ..... 4 pr ct = unchange
3 months sight Bank Bills ..... 3 5/8 pr ct = do
4 „ „ „ ..... 3 1 2 pr ct = do
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills ..... 4 pr ct = do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills ..... 4 pr ct = do

INTEREST—
Day-to-day loans ..... 3 7.8 pr ct = unchanged
7 day market loans ..... 3 3/8 pr ct = do

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £300,000 for S. America.

The Bank of England reserve is 47 per cent. of the liabilities.

Sugar.—German granulated 1st Marks 9 9-16 March-April. Tone quiet.

Rapeseed.—Brown 34. Apl.-May. Sellers. Tone steady.

Linseed Bold 42. May-June. Buyers. Tone quiet.

Coffee in New York 5 3-8.

Arrivals.—Steamers Aro and Assyria.

In Liverpool—

Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester quiet. Total sales 6,000. Spot 5·36—2. Sold on speculation and for Export 500. Imports 17,000. Arrivals closed quiet but steady.

March-April.	April-May.	May-June.	June-July.
5·16	5·19	5·21	5·22
—3	—3	—4	—3
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct. Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·25	5·12	4·78	4·58	4·51
—3	—4	—3	—3	—3

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	12,000 bales.
Do. last year	11,000 „
Exports to Great Britain	5,000 „
Do. Continent.....	3,000 „
Mid-Uplands	10·05 — 10
Future, month of March.....	9·77 — 15
Do. July.....	9·03 — 13

In New Orleans—

Spot	9 13-16 plus 1-16
Futures month of June	9·77 — 8
Do. September.....	8·78 — 1)
Tone at close	steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m, on Thursday, 26th March, 1903 :—

Cotton.....	15,444 bales.
Wheat	7,735 cwts.
Linseed	39·09 „
Rape, Eal and Mustardseeds ...	4,31 „
Gingellyseed	19,025 „
Poppyseed	23 „
Groundnuts	338 „
Castorseed	4,030 „
Rice	8,253 „
Myrabolams	1,564 „
Cottonseed	5,073 „

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, MARCH 27.

Heavy shipments of cotton have been going forward during the week, both to Europe and Japan, and the increase in shipments to Liverpool is to be noted. Complaints seem to be very general regarding the quality of this season's American crop, and it is not improbable that Lancashire spinners may have to turn their attention to the higher grades of East Indian cotton. It is, we believe a very long time since eleven thousand bales of cotton appeared in the Daily Export list entered out for Liverpool from Bombay, as was the case on the 24th instant. Last year's total shipments were 12,603 bales only.

There is but little improvement to report in the business now passing. The Import markets are specially slack, due, it is stated, to the continuance of plague in almost all the districts supplied from Bombay. Dealers are holding off, and the demand from up-country is very limited in practically all branches of trade. The enquiry for silver bars, however, has been constant for some considerable time past, and it would appear that the low price of the metal has added largely to the hoards in this country.

The local Cotton market has been chiefly interested in the settlement of Bengals and Broach contracts falling due on the 25th instant. The very large forward business done makes this the biggest Settling settlement of the year. Contracts for good Broach were made early in the season down to Rs. 190, and the official settlement rate on the 25th inst. was Rs. 223, while purchases and sales were made on that day at Rs. 227 and Rs. 215. For Bengals, Fully Good, the settlement rate was fixed at Rs. 168.

There has been only a small daily offtake of Cotton at Colaba, and dealers are now showing more anxiety to get rid of stocks and room is being to meet buyers where fair offers are made. Spot purchases, in most cases, show a very fair reduction off the quoted rates for contract for forward livers. Exporters, however, complain of the absence of demand from both Europe and Japan, and it would seem that little or no fresh business has been put through during the week, the purchases reported being apparently more or less all against sales made previously. Receipts continue on a fair scale, and the tendency is towards lower prices, especially in medium qualities, which are being pressed for sale.

There are not many signs of improvement in our Seeds markets owing to the unsettlement in Europe. A little more business is reported to be ready, chiefly for forward deliveries we hear of very little or nothing passing. In Linseed a good business is reported to spot, at from Rs. 7-7 to Rs. 7-8, closing quiet at Rs. 7-7, with but little doing in forward. Rapeseed is quiet with very small stocks, and the new crops are not yet coming to market. The inquiry is limited both for ready and forward. Poppyseed is steady at Rs. 7-6 for ready. Business is reported at Rs. 7-4 for April-May. Castorseed is quiet at Rs. 22-8 ready and Rs. 23 forward. In Groundnuts we hear of nothing doing. The nominal quotation is Rs. 34. Gingellyseed prices have been maintained with a fair business passing at previous rates. Maize has been quiet with nothing doing for export. Quotations are Rs. 18 to Rs. 19-8 according to quality. Business is reported in Cottonseed at Rs. 16-4. In Wheat purchases are reported for export in Ahmedabad Pessi at Rs. 27-8. In other descriptions very little business is passing.

The Freight market continues dull. Bookings were made to a moderate extent in Cotton for April shipment at 12s. 6d. to 13s. for picked ports, but the enquiry for seeds for forward shipment is very moderate, and few lines are reported booked. Rates are still offered in ready loading steamers, and quotations are quite nominal. Business has been done at 12s 6d. to 13s. 3d. according to port required for forward shipment, but while sellers are now freely offering at about 12s. 6d. buyers are holding off, and we hear of little actual booking. The following fixtures are reported in the market during the week under review :—Steamer Palitana is chartered for April loading at 13s. 6d. and the steamer Calliope has been taken by an European firm at 13s. nett, April loading.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 20th March, compared with the previous week :—

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	Rs. 11,50,593	Increase
Other Deposits	13,82,119	Increase
Sundries	23,977	Increase
ASSETS.		
Government Securities ...	62,738	Increase
Other Authorized Securities ...	188,735	Increase
Deeds on Securities	71,282	Decrease
Loans do.	6,65,415	Increase
Bills discounted & purchased	8,03,287	Increase
Balance with other Banks ...	2,28,025	Decrease
Sundries	7,020	Increase
Cash	11,13,940	Increase

These figures show a decline of 3·4 lakhs in the trade demand.

The Bank of Bengal statement, dated the 24th instant, shows the following changes compared with the previous week :—

Public Demand.....	Rs. 53 lakhs	Decrease
Cash Head Office	„ 45 „	Increase
Do. Branches ...	„ 11 „	Decrease
Government Deposits ...	„ 17 1-2 „	Decrease
Bank's Investments ...	„ 4 „	Increase

The Bank of Madras weekly statement shows 3 lakhs decline in the cash balance, and the official rate was unchanged at 8 per cent. The Bank of Bengal rate was reduced yesterday 1 per cent. to 7 per cent. per annum, bringing it on a level with that of the Bank of Bombay.

The Money market is again easier, and though short fixed deposits were placed at 4 1-2 per cent. early in the week, at the close the quotation is about 4 per cent.

The mail of the 13th March brings £120,000 silver and £30,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs 48,60,000
Bombay	„ 24,50,000
Madras	„ 16,60,000
	Rs. 88,70,000

The mail of the 20th March brings £100,000 silver and £60,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 47,70,000
Bombay	„ 8,40,000
Madras	„ 12,90,000
	Rs. 70,00,000

The mail of the 27th March brings £300,000 silver and £50,000 gold, and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 37,80,000
Bombay	„ 20,50,000
Madras	„ 11,70,000
	Rs. 70,00,000

On Wednesday the weekly allotment of Councils was taken entirely in Bills, seventy lakhs at 1s. 3 31-32d. For next week the amount has been further reduced to fifty lakhs. The tenderers received 58 per cent. against 10 per cent. for the 80 lakhs allotted last week.

The Sterling Exchange market is again ruled very easy throughout the week. On Monday and Tuesday 1s. 4d. Bank Telegraphic Transfer and Demand was given freely enough, and a small business was put through at the rate for two mails. On Wednesday 1s. 3 31-32d. was the best rate going for Bank Telegraphic Transfers, while 1s. 4d. for Demand was still offered. On Thursday a moderate amount was taken up by the Bazar at this rate, and at the opening to-day it was also available, while at the close 1s. 3 31-32d. Telegraphic Transfers and Demand is quoted. For forward delivery quotations are more or less nominal and we hear of little or nothing doing. In mercantile paper no bills came out at 1s. 4 7-32d. which was the quoted rate for 3 months' sight D. A. early in the week, but a moderate amount was reported placed on the basis of 1s. 4 3-16d. for March-April before the close on Wednesday. This was the general quoted rate on Thursday morning, while 1s. 4 5-32d. was available for May delivery, and the same quotations are offered to-day.

In the corresponding week last year the closing quotations were similar to those now current. The official Bank rate was then, as it is now, 7 per cent. per annum, but with considerably easier discount rates ruling in London the local Banks were buying most forward Bills at a slight reduction on present quoted rates.

The 3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Paper market has been quiet with a slightly downward tendency since last mail left. Business in the bazaar generally was dull, both buyers and sellers being averse to operate freely. It is reported that a fair amount of stock will shortly be placed on the market, and it is quite possible that this is the cause of the dulness experienced locally, as the "Bulls" are carrying a good amount in anticipation of much easier money markets ruling in the near future, while the "Bears" have not been having a good time lately, and are not anxious to push sales in face of this anticipation. However, some fresh manipulations may be expected shortly, as it is rarely that a quiescent market is allowed to be maintained in this favorite stock. Current prices are comparatively high, and with new supplies of 3 1-2 per cent paper to be placed on this market earlier rather than come into force, notwithstanding favourable Money markets.

In reply to a question about the fixity of exchange on the interest on Rupee Paper payable in London, we learn that the Finance Minister said "The question was a difficult one and opinions were conflicting and any change should be carefully introduced", adding that the question was receiving attention. It seems improbable that any further official statements will be made in the matter, at all events, before the next Budget is brought forward.

4 per cent Bombay Port Trust ...	1923	...	101
4 per cent „ „ ...	1930	...	101 1-2
4 per cent „ „ ...	1932	...	101 1-2
4 per cent Bombay Municipal ...	1923	...	99 1-2
4 per cent „ „ ...	1940	...	100 1-2
5 per cent „ „ ...	Tanna	...	110
5 per cent „ „ ...	Sanitary	...	114
4 per cent Bo. Improvt Trust ...	1939	...	100 1-2
4 per cent „ „ ...	1961	...	101-3

Prices of Bullion :—

English Bar Silver, ex duty, ready ...		Rs.	57-7-0
Do. do.	1st Settlement	Rs.	57-9-0
Do. do.	2nd do.	Rs.	57-1-0
English Bar Gold, ready ...		Rs.	24-0-6

The Silver market remains steady with a good offtake from the Banks for up-country. A moderate business is reported daily during the week. The Gold market is also steady with nothing of importance to report.

The Piecegoods market continues steady. For Greys there is a fair enquiry, but prices remain the same. In Whites prices have gone up about 1-2 to 1 anna, and several packages have changed hands. Clearances are on a fair scale. For Fancies, Prints, and Dyed goods also there is a fair enquiry.

The Local Yarn market is firm and there is more doing. Prices have been raised by 1-16th and sales have been effected to the extent of 2,000 to 25,000 bales for 10s to 20s, also 12s, 14s, and 16s, ordinary and reverse.

The Metal markets are all quiet with little business reported. Nothing is reported in Copper and Yellow Metal. As Reuter quotes a decline in copper of £1 off the top rate dealers think perhaps a reaction is setting in, and they are waiting for further developments. The Iron market is steady and there are more enquiries coming out, but at very low prices. In Spelter the high prices locally and in Europe check business. Quicksilver is dull.

The Coal market is dull, the only business reported being a small sale of Dutton's Welsh Hartley at Rs 12-12 and small resale of Scotch Coal at Rs 11-12.

The Share market is unchanged since our last report, with very small transactions passing. Bank of Bombay shares in the early part of the week changed hands at Rs. 1,275 to Rs. 1,277-8 but since yesterday they have declined to Rs. 1,270 at which rate they are quiet. Commercials are unchanged at Rs. 56, with nothing doing. Tri Press shares Mussrs have advanced to Rs. 600. New Borars are quiet at Rs. 58, New Indians at Rs. 170, and Bingoless at Rs. 128. Harvey and Sabapathy have changed hands at Rs. 630. In Mill shares Centrals have advanced to Rs. 1,635 and Swadeshis to Rs. 740. Coonaughts have changed hands at Rs. 250. Colaba Land and Mill shares are unchanged at Rs. 205. Chinas are quiet at Rs 470. Empress Mill shares have changed hands at 240 and about Rs. 150. Luxmidas at Rs. 100. Jamsheds at Rs. 85, and James Greaves at Rs. 200. Manekjee Petits had gone up to Rs. 1,870, but to-day the rate has declined to Rs. 1,840. Morarjis and Shoteparas are unchanged at Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 1,745 and Standard Mills at Rs. 317. Kohinoors are quoted Rs. 330. Sassoon Cotton Mill shares are steady at Rs. 710 and Sassoon Silk Mill shares at Rs. 430. In miscellaneous Bombay Burmahs are dealt in at Rs. 3,400 ex-dividend and quarter Shells at Rs. 1,625 ex-dividend and Indians at Rs. 155. Marines are quiet at Rs. 147 and Peninsulings at Rs. 445. Kamptees have changed hands at Rs. 241 and Tessetes are quoted. Bombay Fire and Marine Insurance shares have improved to Rs. 371 and Bombay Telephones to Rs. 21-8. Bombay Four Mill shares are quiet at Rs. 880. In Railway Companies Taptis are unchanged at Rs. 4328 cum-dividend, and Ahmedabad Prantej at Rs. 535, ex-dividend.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.	—.....	1s.	3 31-32d,
Bank Demand.....	—.....	1s.	31-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A...		1s.	3·16d.
Do 6 do	do	1s.	4 5 16 d.
French Francs 3 do	do	170	
Marks 3 do	do	138 1-4	
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight.....		118 1 2	
Shanghai 30 do	do	160	
Japan 30 do	do	150	

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent—Tone quiet.

Cash	...	Rs.	98 11
1st Settlement ...	...	Rs.	98 11
2nd do. ...	...	Rs.	98 12

Money Market —Tone easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 2nd October		4	per cent
Bank of Bombay	do. 12th March	7	do.
Bank of Bengal	do. 26th March	7	do.
Bank of Madras	do. 10th Feb.	8	do.

SEEDS,

	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p
Linseed.—Tone quiet.		
Ready	7 6	
Forward April-May	7 6	
Rapeseed.—Tone firm.		
Brown Cawnpore Ready ...	5 8	
Do Forward April-May ...	5 8	
Yellow Cawnpore Ready ...	5 13	
Do. Gujarat Forward, April-May ...	6 1	
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.		
Ready	7 6	
Forward April-May	7 4	
Castorseed—Tone steady.		
Ready	22 4	
Forward April-May. ...	22 8	
Groundnuts—Tone steady.		
Ready	33 8	

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	easier.
Estimated sales	9,000
Total imports	17,000

March-April.	April-May	May-June.	June-July
5·15	5·16	5·18	5·19
—3	—3	—3	—3
July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·19	5·11	4·75	4·53	4·50
—3	—2	—3	—2	—2

CORROV.—Quiet.

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association Limited :—

Growths	Fine	F.-G.	Good	Delivery
Bengals H. G. (Ry. terms)...	173	165	158	25 April.
Bengals M. G. (Ry. terms)...	187	178	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M. G.) ...	183	177	...	do.
Belait M. G ...	190	182	...	do.
Khandesh M. G.	...	178	170	do.
Dameageum Poolgaum M.G.	191	188	...	do.
Nagpur Kamptee M. G. ...	197	189	...	do.
Akola M. G. ...				
Khamgaum do } ...	193	184	...	do.
Karanja do }				
Broach do ...	230	225	...	do.
Broach gagger do ...	207	197	...	25 May.
Do H. G. ...	204	194	179	do.
S.-G. Dharwar	...	...	219	do.
Westerns	...	...	205	do.

COTTON STATISTICS. (Bales.)

Receipts for the week	57,702
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 26th Mch.	15,50,467
Shipments for the week, to Europe...	74,170
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	23,507
Total	100,077
Shipments from 1st October to 26th March.	
Europe	4,77,931
Japan	1,34,254
China	14,417
Coast Ports	7,0 1
Total	6,33,603
Afloat to Harbour for Europe	18,530
China, Japan and Coast Ports	31,913

Week's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds,

Cotton.....	87,733 Bales.
Wheat	31,302 cwts.
Linseed	1,28,112 „
Rape, Eal and Mustard ...	23,387 „
Gingellyseed	57,319 „
Poppyseed	478 „
Groundnuts	3,667 „
Castorseed.....	56,553 „
Rice	51,655 „
Myrabolams.....	10,553 „
Cottonseed.....	47,231 „

REFORM WITHOUT REVOLUTION.—The great and particular merit of Hunyadi Janos is that it removes without discomfort, in other words it effects reform without revolution. This is because it is the best and safest natural aperient.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six l

SCARCITY OF (REAL) WOOLLENS.

Is one ever sure of getting Woollen Garments? Doctors so frequently order Woollen Underclothing that health may be endangered by wearing something that pretends to be, but is not, Wool. It was said that in a drive of 30 miles round Bradford not one, but scores, of mills could be pointed out where for every bale of wool used, ten bales, and often more, are used of shoddy, mungo, stockings and cotton.—"Daily Telegraph."

You are sure of real Wool and nothing else if you deal with us.

FOR BOMBAY WEAR

Our TUSSAH SERGES are SPECIALLY DESIGNED, a luxury, some say a necessity, SPECIALLY WOVEN to stand daily washing if required, of pure material, WIDTH 27", Rs. 1-8 PER YARD, in 3 Patterns.

FOR OFFICE COATS.

Our WORSTEDS, FLANNELS and Superfine SERGES. Samples on application. The above are the specialities for HOT SEASON.

MANUFACTURED BY THE

NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILIS COMPANY, LD.,

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS,

Walking, Riding, Driving, Cycling, Hunting, Polo Pigsticking, Shooting, &c., &c.

ALSO

ACCIDENTS and DISEASES Combined.

INSURED AGAINST BY THE

RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,

64, CORNHILL, LONDON.

CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
COMPENSATION PAID £3,350,000

LOW RATES, LIBERAL TERMS, LARGEST SECURITY.

This well-known and old-established Company is prepared to insure Europeans resident in India For Prospectus and Form of Proposal apply to the Agents—

Messrs. KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

LAWRENCE & MAYO,

OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.

By Appointment to

H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C. G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E. VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are clear, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

OFFICES IN INDIA:

CALCUTTA. BOMBAY. MADRAS.

HEAD OFFICES:

57 and 59, Chancery Lane, London.

Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

IMPORTANT TO SMOKERS.

D. MERWAN & Co., the Tobacconists of Medows Street, have OPENED OUT in their New Airy Premises

A REGULAR EXHIBITION OF READY CHOICE

DUTCH HAVANA CIGARS,

From Rs. 5 to Rs. 12 per 100.

These are imported specially to meet the demand of CONNOISSEURS.

Inspection invited. Satisfaction Assured. Up-country Orders by V. P. Post or Rail.

D. MERWAN & Co.,

CIGAR MERCHANTS and TOBACCONISTS

42, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

DR. MAGINN says—

If a man suffers with nervo-vital debility, weakness or incapability, he becomes discontented, unhappy, and loses the energy and push so necessary to success in life; that loss or failing vitality causes untold misery to both married and single men. By his scientific exclusive methods of treatment he guarantees a cure and restoration to health and vigour. Age no cause no impediment. No failures. 30 years' experience. All special complaints, Blood, Skin, Bladder, Kidneys, Hydrocele, Ruptures, Varicocele, Piles, etc., treated with skill and success by Dr. MAGINN, M.D., L.M.C., L.S.B., M.E., U.S.A. Registered and licensed by Medical Board of United States Government. Successful cures by correspondence. All letters answered. Strictest confidence. Address: J. A. MAGINN, M.D., 61, Dharamtala Street, Calcutta.

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS,

9-11, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

FOR the Greater Convenience of our Constituents, and in order to be in Closer Proximity to our STEAM PRINTING WORKS,

THE EDITORIAL AND COMMERCIAL OFFICES OF THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*

Will shortly be removed and located together in the same Block as REUTER'S TELEGRAM OFFICES (NEXT MESSRS. RALLI BROTHERS).

ADVERTISEMENTS AND ORDERS FOR PRINTING WILL BOTH BE RECEIVED AT THE GENERAL OFFICES, REUTER'S BUILDING, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:

HENRY S. KING & CO.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS.

NOW AVAILABLE AT BOMBAY.

	Rs.
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S GRAND PIANO, (Horizontal shape) in splendid condition and just put in thorough order. ...	600
COTTAGE PIANO by MARCKS & Co. Limited in very good tone and condition. ...	250
SQUARE PIANO by LIPP & SONS. A Piano intrinsically new. An instrument that has been in good hands while on hire. ...	650
ERARD GRAND PIANO. (Horizontal shape.) Almost new and has been little used during the last 2 years.	1,400
BRINSMEAD UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO, with the new tuning apparatus in splendid tone and condition, would make a capital District Piano.	650
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S UPRIGHT PIANO, very little used and is almost new...	650
AMERICAN ORGAN by GILBERT & BAUER in thorough order. A very fine Organ.	150

The above Instruments have been built for the climate of India and have stood the test well. Arrangements can be made, if desired, for purchase of any of these Instruments on the Hire-System.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

N. B.—Our NEW STOCK of BOUDOIR PIANOS at Rs. 525 just to hand.

TRY OUR HIGH CLASS CIGARS "FLOR-DE-CAMA."

MANUFACTURERS:

THE ANGLO-INDIAN CIGAR Co.,

LONDON OFFICE:—5, Marck Lane.

BOMBAY OFFICE:—26, Church Gate Street.

FACTORY:—Trichinopoly (Cantonment) S. India.

Other Brands in different qualities, shapes and sizes also supplied.

PAUSE! ORDER AND PROCURE.

WHAT we offer you. SECURITY in your homes; Immunity from thefts. The circumvention of Rambux. All these blessings "on airth" are contained in a suite of our Domestic padlocks. Six in number, four Lever, solid brass, steel shackles, imperial guard. Each having a non-interchangeable key, and the suite a Master Key in duplicate to pass all. Absolutely proof against picks and tampering. Price Rs. 10 only.

Apply to

J. H. JOHNSON & Co.,

Pioneer Lockworks, Aligarh, N.-W. P.

PIN HEAD AND OLD GOLD CIGARETTES.

PRIZES GOLD FILLED, SILVER, NICKLE WATCHES, ALUMINIUM CIGARETTE CASE AND PLAYING CARDS, ARE ON VIEW AT

MAHOMED HOOSEIN KASIM & Co. TOBACCONISTS,

Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Markets, and 193, Abdool Rehman Street, Bombay.

Back and Front Pieces of above Cigarette Packets to be returned to the AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY, 95, CLIVE ROAD, CALCUTTA.

THE MOST PERFECT of all German PIANOS

GEBRÜDER KNAKE'S New Indian Model. PERFECT

In Tone and Touch and thoroughly durable. Can be seen and tried at

S. ROSE & Co., FORT BOMBAY.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.

TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS. NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLICATE, LONDON.

A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude, PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.

ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, of Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions at Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

GUARANTEED

CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES, AND COUPE & CO'S STEEL WHEELS,

Superior to any imported in India.

FOR SALE, Ready Delivery—

ONE ELECTRIC MOTOR CAR, To Accommodate 4 Persons.

APPLY

GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co., 67, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

CRUSHED FOOD FOR HORSES.

BEST CRUSHED HORSE FOOD prepared by machinery; clean, wholesome, and fresh. First of its kind in Bombay. At Rs. 4-8 per cwt. Delivered free in Bombay.

Crushed Gram, Barley, Oats, and Bran can be had at very moderate prices in any quantity WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Up-country Orders carefully executed with prompt attention. Trial solicited.

S. M. ALLARAKHIA,

GRAIN MERCHANT, AGENT, AND CONTRACTOR 227, Belasis Road, Byculla, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the paper by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Gadsby, 2,272 tons, Captain A Robinson, arrived in harbour yesterday, from E London, 4th March, in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Umta, 3,451 tons, Captain W H Watkoys, cleared yesterday for Rangoon, with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

THE Japan Mail Steamship Co's steamer Kagoshima Maru, 2,759 tons, Captain K Kori, will sail today, for Kobe, &c, with a general cargo and one cabin passenger.

THE steamer Corinthia, 2,359 tons, Captain W H Miller, arrived in harbour yesterday from Batoum, 4th March, with a cargo of 136,350 cases kerosene oil. The vessel is consigned to Mr A Montoshoff.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Chindwara, 1,501 tons, Captain J McLean, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening, from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 22 cases opium and 128 deck passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD,

R I M S Clive	Comdr G S Hewett	R I Marine
Richard Grech	178	I Government
Ceylon	Capt A Channer	R N Ceylon Govt L S Steamer
H M S Magdala		Turret-ship
H M S Abyssinia		Turret-ship
Tenasserim		Receiving Hulk
Torpedo Boat No. 100	.....	.....
Do No 102	.....	.....
Do No 103	.....	.....

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Perseus	E H Pears	Royal Navy
R I M S Elphinstone	Comdr D H Gibsone	R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MARCH 27.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
Carthage	2893	Jephson			P & O Co
Hunee	3614	Corran			M & Co
Chanda	1304	Cunningham			M & Co
Godwit	25	Scovell			Yacht
Huzara	1336	Cole			M & Co
Khandalla	1318	Hirst			M & Co
Umta	3451	Walkeys			M & Co
Ramsay	2767	Mullar			R Bomonji
Calliope	1331	Price			W & A G & Co
Marca	4151	Adams			K N & Co
Sofala	3437	Alexander	Calcutta		M M & Co
Vermont		Flaws			M M & Co
Vaxhall Bridge	2178	Ruder			W & A G & Co
Henry Bolckow		Fowle	P Gulf		B & P S N Co
Kt of St George	2364	Dicks			T M & Co
Nadir	1911	Morgan	Calcutta		T M & Co
Kohinur	1935	McKinnon	Calcutta		T M & Co
Lethington	2834	Millar			W & A G & Co
Massilia	2445	Cockman	Aden	28-3	P & O Co
Chindwara	1501	McLean			M M & Co
Gadsby	2272	Robinson			W & A G & Co
Corinthia	2359	Miller			A Montschoff

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
A	Bucoros	2295	Johnston	Antwerp	30-3	W & A G & Co
B	Jerseymore	2497	Moffat	Hull	3-4	Ralli Bros
C	Gorjistan	3092	Sanders	P Gulf	29-3	E L & Co
D & E	Safari	993	Weinker	Zanzibar	30-3	A Strandes
G	Mashtari	1110	Baker	U S Ports	3-4	B & P S N Co
F	Wistow Hall	2138	Laidlay	Liverpool	3-4	K N & Co
H	Cromwell	1977	Woodruff	London	5-4	M M & Co
K	Ascot	2765	Stoker	Rotterdam	4-4	K N & Co
M	Turkistan	1992	Paton	Genoa		E L & Co
N	Barton	3408	Underwood	Kartzwick	31-3	K & N Co
O	Woodbridge	2511	Hannan	Marseilles	1-4	Ralli Bros
P	Fulwell	2381	Brown	Hamburg	29-3	M M & Co
Q	C Sutherland	1779	Ridgway	Liverpool	5-4	F M & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Satrunji	547	Ahmed	Mangalore	27-3	Shep'd & Co
Ponani	532	Mahmed	Bhownagar	28-3	Do
Sabarmati	624	Ebrahim	Karachi	28-3	Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Meipomene	2309	Tosoni	Kobe	30-3	A L S N Co
2	Circassia	4760	Haig	Marseilles	4-4	W & A G & Co
4	Kagoshima M.	2652	Keri	Japan	28-3	N Y Kaisha
5	Elba	2634	Bruhn		4-4	H G Joosub
7	Imperator	2221	Ivellich	Trieste	1-4	A L S N Co
8	Virginia	2789	McDougall	London	1-4	W & A G & Co
14	Kinshin Maru	2589	Payne	Japan	31-3	N Y Kaisha
16	Gloamin	2248	Learmouth	Havre	4-4	W & A G & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Kola	497	Rickford	Karachi	28-3	M M & Co

MERREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Arabia	4167	Leigh	London	4-4 P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
27	Gadsby's	Robinson	S London, March 4
	Corinthia's	Miller	Batoum, March 4
	Assaye (transport)	Dowell	Southampton, Mar 6

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

Steamer Umta, Watkeys, for Rangoon.
" Kagoshima Maru, Kori, for Kobe, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Gadsby, for Marseilles, Hull, Liverpool, &c.
" Chindwara, for Persian Gulf via Karachi.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, MARCH 25.

The P. and O. S. N. Co's s.s. Caledonia arrived this morning.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Valletta is expected to arrive in Bombay from China at 8 p.m. on Sunday next.

Messageries Maritimes Company's s.s. Oceanien which left Bombay on the 12th inst. arrived at Marseilles on the 27th at 11 a.m.

Florio Rubattino Company's steamer Capri from Bombay arrived at Singapore on 27th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 27.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Lutherland:—100 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 100 bales cotton B Suroopchand 1000 cwt wheat P Kastoorchand; 125 bales wool H A M Osman; 125 bales wool Forbes Forbes and Co; 1000 cwt jowar, 2850 cwt myrabollams Waghjee Bechur 500 bales cotton 50 bales hemp, 1000 cwt myrabollams 85pco Osmersey; 41 bales wool Joongeree Nagjee;

Wistow Hall—15 bales wool G Gungadas; 332 cwt myrabollams K Shriklesondas.

Circassia—300 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 38 casks Indian condiments Merwanjee Poonjiajee and Sons; 40 bales wool the Bombay Co; 487 cwt myrabollams Arjoon Khimjee.

FOR LONDON.

Massilia—11 cwt ivory Nanjeebhoy Meanee and Co.

Arabia—54 bales skins and hides R M Kooka; 35 cwt mother of pearl shells Abdulla Hajie Mawjee and Co; 127 cwt Alibanum A Chagla and Co; 42 cwt olibanum D Canjee; 12 casks Indian condiments Merwanjee Poonjiajee and sons

Cromwell—1018 cwt rapeseed Ralli Brothers; 52 bales aloe fibre B Mohanlal; 6.0 cwt borns A Canjee.

Virginia—225 cwt cottonseed Ewing and Co; 70 bales hemp Tyabjee and Co;

FOR DUNKIRK.

Virginia—1100 cwt cottonseed Waghjee Bechar; 100 bales cotton G Tejpal and Co; 1000 cwt linseed Nensie Khairaz and Co;

FOR HAVRE.

Gloamin—1347 cwt linseed Nansee Khairaz and Co; 775 bales cotton Pirr de Sumtama Co; 1000 cwt linseed 1 pot rosa oil Volkert Brothers

FOR HULL.

Maroa—2300 cwt castorseed E D Sassoon and Co; 1'050 cwt cottonseed Waghjee Bechar; 2521 cwt cottonseed Erst and Co;

FOR ANTWERP.

Bucero—200 bales cotton Nansee Khairaz and Co; 110 bales cotton the Bombay Co; 50 bales hemp Khimjee Visram and Co; 220 bales cotton Volkart Brothers 20.0 cwt castorseed Erst and Co; 3000 cwt rapeseed David Sassoon and Co; 2 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 30 cwt borns R Kaderbhoy.

FOR HAMBURG.

Fulwell—697 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 385 bales cotton Forbes Forbes and Co; 833 bales, cotton fly J C Tollwalla.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Wistow Hall—7058 cwt teaseed Forbes Forbes and Co; 3999 cwt gingell J A Begbie and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Circassia—300 bales cotton Tejpal and Co; 100 bales cotton the Bombay and Co;

FOR GENOA.

Turkistan—200 bales cotton G Tejpal and Co; 2000 cwt castorseed 30 3 cwt linseed Ralli Brothers: 530 cwt rapeseed Societa C Italiana

FOR TRIESTE.

Imperator—715 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 220 bales cotton Gaddum and Co;

FOR ODESSA.

Imperator—200 bales cotton Ralli Brothers

FOR KOBE.

Kinshin Maru—600 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 300 bales cotton Tata and Co;

Ascott—1000 bales cotton Tata and Co

FOR YOKKAICHI.

Kinshin Maru—400 bales cotton Tata and Co.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 14th February, 1903, on 461 miles open,

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	98,000	1,85,000	4,000	2,97,000
Or per mile of Railway	212	423	9	644
For previous 15 weeks of his f-year	6,11,000	11,75,000	21,000	18,10,000
Total for 19 weeks	7,12,000	13,70,000	25,000	21,07,000
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,00,029	2,50,102	1,736	3,51,867
Per mile of Ry. do.	217	542	4	763
Total to corresponding date do.	6,79,984	15,02,754	19,651	22,02,389

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic Earnings for the week ending 11th February 1903,

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 14th Feb. 1902— G I P R system	2,47,065	10,88,906	3,739	13,40,710
I M R do	72,453	1,95,277	660	2,68,370
Total	3,19,518	12,85,163	4,399	16,09,080
Actuals for corresponding week ending 15th Feb. 1901— G I P R system	1,81,985	10,36,248	3,620	12,11,853
I M R do	81,855	1,50,812	3,752	2,81,479
Total	2,63,840	12,22,060	7,372	14,93,332
Increase or G I P R	+ 65,680	+ 68,658	+ 119	+ 1,28,857
Decrease I M R	— 9,402	— 55.	— 3,092	— 73,179

THE OBJECT OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT is to introduce to you a simple system of forwarding packages Home and which

SAVES YOU TIME AND

if you adopt Latham & Co.'s mode of conveyance of packages at an inclusive rate of charge from your Station to any part of the United Kingdom and also

SPARES YOU NEEDLESS CHARGES.

To secure these benefits send for through rate Tariff to

LATHAM & Co.,

APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and not to any individual member of the staff

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MARCH 28, 1903.

CONSCRIPTION.

WHILE the War Office, with its system or no system, is on the grill, the question whether it is advisable that all able-bodied men should be employed by the State for the State's defence, or whether it is sufficient to possess a small army composed only of men who feel personally drawn towards a military career is sure to crop up at every turn. It is undoubtedly a question of grave moment, and is as certainly one which cannot be disposed of off hand by blandly stating stock arguments on either side. As an abstract question we see in the history of every nation that the State has exercised unchallenged the inherent right to demand military service from all her able-bodied male citizens. In practice this theory has been variously restricted and extended, but the fundamental idea has never been lost sight of. Barbarian Persia and civilized Greece never thought of questioning it. In Ancient Rome, in accordance with the military character of the nation, the civil constitution was founded on the military, an order reversed by the modern dispensation. Every man had to fight and every man voted as he fought, in his company or regiment. In later times when the Romans had lost much of their old simplicity and military ardour they showed a growing desire to let their allies do most of the fighting. This tendency was of course in a great measure also due to the impossibility of carrying on wars in, say, Pontus and Italy, with an army composed solely of Roman citizens. Cæsar probably conquered Gaul with recruits enrolled in Gaul itself; though doubtless Italians and Romans formed the nucleus of his forces. England has in a great measure followed the Roman tradition. Utilising the Indian, Egyptian, and Soudanese armies and the employment of Colonial contingents in South Africa was but a development of this idea. The Roman poets pleaded justification for such a course, and held that it was only right that the citizens should fight for the city. The same is to a great extent true of England. She has created countries to her own image and likeness in two hemispheres. These peoples have shown that they wish to remain within the Empire and enjoy its protection, and they have also shown their willingness, equally with the Mother Country, to contribute to the common defence whether they themselves are attacked or whether a distant part of the Empire be endangered, as in the recent war.

The theory of Conscription has nothing new or abnormal in it. It was recognised and put into practice by all the nations of antiquity and continued in force through the Middle Ages, when every serf and baron was liable to serve under his feudal lord. It has not yet become an anachronism. Every nation in Europe revived it after the long peace that followed Waterloo, in its most stringent form. They maintain it for the very good reason that in no other way can they defend their very existence; and as long as the world is constituted on fighting lines no one can blame them. In time it may be that their pecuniary resources will no longer stand the strain, and they may either agree to the Tsar's Rescript, or the nations whose resources give way first will have to suffer at the expense of their richer neighbours. For England the question is not so immediately vital though its eventual consequences would be of grave import. We may soon be called upon to decide whether it is or is not possible to defend our homes and our Empire beyond the Seas with our present Army and Navy. It may seem outside the subject to refer to the Navy, but sarcastic rivals might say it is the back-bone of our Army as it certainly is of our defences. Our Navy has, ever since Trafalgar, been supreme. Other nations, particularly our great commercial competitor, Germany, have begun to see the importance of Sea-Power, and our supremacy may be threatened at any moment. There are two ways open to us by which we may maintain this supremacy. What we may call our national way—a way to which we have been so long accustomed—is to build two or three battleships to every one built by other Powers, and owing to the great wealth of the Nation we could probably outlast any Continental Power at this game. But though we might build ships "ad infinitum" we could hardly supply the necessary crews at the same rate, and in this race we are no more handicapped than are other Powers, albeit we have drawn very substantially on our sea-faring population for our naval men. The Germans have not; witness the present disparity between their commercial fleet and their Navy. It follows, therefore, that though the Germans may never possess a fleet as large as ours they may and will reduce the present proportion which is so much in our favour. The same is true of Russia and the United States. To answer their naval armaments we must reduce the unequal relation which at present exists between our Army and that of any Continental Power, while we must maintain our Navy at its present strength. Can we effect this with our present Voluntary System? We might doubtless do much by changing the present War Office rules and making it more worth while for the middle classes to adopt the Army as a profession, and by many other needed reforms. But we are still faced with the fact that recruiting for years past—until last year—was very languid everywhere in the United Kingdom except in Ireland and the Scottish Highlands where trade being bad, or almost absent, the King's shilling was a better investment from a business point of view than idleness. Unfortunately there is reason to believe that the numbers will again fall short.

A remedy might be applied either in a revised Militia Ballot Act or some such measure by which a certain proportion of the able-bodied youth of the country would have to serve in the Army for a certain number of years. There is and probably would be no need for universal conscription. The numbers conscribed would have to vary directly according to the increase or decrease in the armaments of other Powers. Our Army should stand to continental armies as continental navies stand to ours. A comparatively small force serving for, say, only two years would in time furnish an efficient reserve in the event of a war. The mere existence of such an Army would make impossible in the future such a series of reverses as followed the opening of the South African Campaign. One of the chief arguments against the introduction of any such system is that the dislocation of trade which would ensue would be fatal to the welfare of the country. This is surely not a correct view. The tremendous growth of German industry and commerce during the last 30 years has gone on simultaneously with the introduction and practice of not partial but universal conscription. We do not say that commercial activity is the direct result of this, but it shows that the two are at least compatible. A more serious argument is that the temper of the English people is so decidedly unmilitary that an attempt to introduce in England anything approaching to militarism is doomed to failure. The English are not a military people, but neither are the Germans, in the sense in which that word is generally used. The French may fairly be called a military nation. They and their Government embody our ideas of militarism. Yet they have gone under in turn to the English and the Germans. It may be that the English people will resist being made into a nation in arms, strong in their conviction that they will always rise to the necessities of hostile crises. Let those who hold this view offer some other solution to the question of national defence. It seems senseless to argue that because we have done very well up to now no change is needed. The old system did very well until it was tried and found wanting against a nation of 59,000 guerilla fighting men.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION.

THE results of the explorations now proceeding on the Antarctic Circle promise to far exceed in importance any discoveries which have been made in that frigid region in the past. The Discovery was sent out on her perilous voyage in 1901 after having been personally inspected by his Majesty the King. She was equipped and launched mainly owing to the interest and enterprise of Sir Clements Markham, the President of the Royal Geographical Society, and the expedition was financed partly by Government and partly by combined subscriptions from the Royal Society and Royal Geographical Society. She was provisioned for three years, and her object was to explore the Antarctic region generally, and also to settle the question which had arisen as to a supposed anticyclonic area in the region of the 74th parallel of latitude. Presumably, since we are told that the party have now reached 80 degrees south, that part of her programme is completed. It was at first intended that a relief expedition should be sent out after the Discovery in case of emergency or of any misadventure which might happen to the party aboard that vessel. In June of last year considerable anxiety was felt in England as to the safety of the Discovery. She had not been heard of for many months, and as it was felt that it would not be safe thus to leave the brave little band of explorers which, inclusive of Captain Scott, R. N., who was in charge of the vessel, numbered 50 souls, to their own resources an appeal was made for further funds, and a relief party was equipped. The message received yesterday seem to show, however, that there was really no immediate need for the relieving expedition. We are told that the party by means of sleighs have reached 80 degrees south which is the furthest point south yet touched. It was at first intended that the explorers should return to England this year, and it is doubtless the unexpectedly successful result of the expedition which has led Captain Scott to come to the conclusion that the venture is worth another year of serious endeavour. A happy feature of the expedition is the freedom from casualties which has been enjoyed. It is sincerely to be hoped that the rest of the sojourn of the party in the Antarctic Circle will be marked by similarly favourable circumstances. When the Discovery does return to Great Britain she and all aboard her will be received with the heartiest of congratulations not only of Sir Clements Markham and the Royal Geographical Society, but of the whole of the British public.

UNREST IN CHINA.

THE unrest in the Kwangsi Province which has for some time occasioned no little anxiety to the Chinese Government appears to be assuming serious proportions. On Thursday we published a statement to the effect that either the Chinese Government must allow the rebels to have the republic they are fighting for, or they will have to call in foreign aid. That the movement is by no means the outcome of casual disaffection is proved by the fact that rifles and ammunition are being bought up in Canton in large quantities, and that apparently preparations are being made by both sides for a stiff conflict. After all there is nothing very surprising in the turn that events seem to have taken. For a long time past reports innumerable of the arrogance and incompetence of the Chinese officials of the province have foreboded nothing resembling concord in the Kwangsi district. Recently it appears that the troops whose behaviour has for a long time occasioned discontent have exceeded all their former malpractices, and throwing discipline to the winds, have been guilty of such ruthless brutality as would have been unworthy of the most depraved of bandits. The people are in a poverty stricken condition; they are as present bordering on starvation, and after all there is little wonder that matters have reached the present crisis. Whether the people of Kwangsi obtain their "republic" or not there is every reason to believe that their chief end—the overthrow of the Governor Wang whose boastfulness and incompetency has been the main cause of the present situation—will be obtained automatically. He at any rate seems to be powerless to cope with the rebellion, and as the rebels' position assumes strength his post becomes more and more insecure. He still claims that he can suppress the revolt, and apparently he occasionally does something to show that he is alive, but there is little doubt that the disaffection is growing out of hand. Recently he has applied to the Kuangtung authorities for assistance, but he has gained nothing but an assurance that in Kuangtung the situation is so serious that assistance is needed there. While upon this subject it is significant to note the spread of French activity in the Kwangsi Province. Apparently John Chinaman has something in common with the Frenchman for he takes to his customs and his methods very well. We are told that the French having no interests to protect in this region are working to create some. It seems curious that they should have chosen the continual centre of discord and disaffection for this purpose. At Canton there have been for some time an unusual number of warships of all nationalities. It may be presumed then that the powers are fully cognisant of the situation and that they are prepared if need be to take action.

THE INDIAN CRICKET TEAM GUARANTEE FUND.

THE promoters of the scheme to send a representative team of Parsee, Hindu, and Mahomedan cricketers to England next year have reason to be gratified at the progress made so far. Over a month ago, when it was decided by the committee to raise a guarantee fund, we ventured to predict that the sporting native princes and local patrons of cricket would not be slow in responding to the committee's appeal. The result of the latter body's efforts up to date more than justify the views expressed in these columns when the project was first mooted, and it gives us great pleasure to announce that Mr. J. N. Tata intends to give anything between three and five thousand rupees towards the guarantee fund, and will also subscribe liberally. Sir Dinshaw Petit and Mr. Bomanjee Petit have likewise promised to give handsome sums towards the guarantee fund, the exact amount to be announced later on. Numerous other gentlemen in Bombay who have been approached on the subject by the sub-committee will no doubt in due course follow the excellent lead of Mr. Tata, Sir Dinshaw Petit, and Mr. Bomanjee Petit, and in a few months the committee ought to be in a position to report that the guarantee fund of Rs. 35,000 has been raised. We hear on reliable authority that a large sum, probably amounting to Rs. 10,000, will be forthcoming in the shape of a subscription from a well-known native ruler, while it is expected that subscriptions amounting to £300 will be raised in England. £100 each from Yorkshire, Lancashire, Surrey, and the M. C. C., irrespective of the team's share of the gate receipts, may, according to a well known home authority, be calculated upon, while from the same authority we learn that if the summer turns out fine, and the cricket of the team favourably impresses the cricket-loving public in England, subscriptions and gate receipts should realise anything between £1,700 and £2,200. From this it will be seen that the prospects of the tour, looked at from a financial standpoint, are very hopeful—a fact, which will, no doubt, carry considerable weight with intending subscribers to the guarantee fund, who, judging from the present aspect of things, will incur little or no risk. Everything promises favourably for the projected visit, and not the least encouraging sign is the interest with which it is being regarded in England where such powerful patrons as Lord Harris, Lord Hawke, Mr. K. J. Key, Mr. C. W. Alcock, Mr. F. E. Lacey, and many others have promised their co-operation.

THE ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

AN announcement just published under the head of "Military Intelligence" will not help to popularise the Army Service Corps. It runs thus:—"Officers serving in India, who may be appointed to the Army Service Corps, will, after the 31st March, be liable to pay their own passages to England and their successors' passages to India." This is worse than the too familiar practice of adding insult to injury. It is not enough at the end of arduous service in India that officers appointed to this corps d'elite—it must be that to be attained at such a cost—shall find the money to pay their own passages home, but they must defray the travelling charges of their lucky successors who presumably come galumphing out to India without a care. There is, of course, a chance that this announcement is made in this form only through a lamentable ignorance of grammar, or perhaps by a zealous Under-Secretary over-anxious to please Lord Curzon by cutting down Government orders regardless of sense. He should not, however, have so worded it that it cuts down the emoluments of a worthy body of officers. What can the Army Service Corps offer that sweetens to its recruits the pill of having to pay their passages home and their successors' passages out? The other day there was a welcome order published, saying that henceforth young officers would have part of their uniform and a charger provided for them at Government expense. Is this extravagance to be recouped by the economy practised on Army Service Corps men?

THE Hon'ble Mr. E. H. M. Fulton member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bombay, left for Mahableshwar yesterday by the 2 o'clock train from the Victoria Terminus; a salute of 15 guns was fired from the Saluting Battery to announce his departure. The Hon'ble Sir James Monteath, will leave Bombay to-day at 2 p. m., a salute of 15 guns will be fired to announce his departure from Bombay.

THE young Maharaja of Indore has started on a trip to Kashmir, accompanied by his guardian, Captain Forbes.

THE visit to Calcutta of Messrs. Shepston and Brousse de Gersigny, delegates from Natal, has resulted in a satisfactory arrangement being come to with Government regarding the supply of Indian labour to that Colony. Proposals embodying the decisions arrived at will be submitted to the Governor of Natal, who will doubtless accept them. The Government of India, by the way, are averse from arranging to supply cooly labour to Rhodesia.

A CORRESPONDENT, who has just reached Srinagar, being thus practically the first arrival for the summer season, asks the "Pioneer" to call attention to the state of the tonga service along the road. His experience may be briefly described. Between Kohala and Domel some of the ponies were absolutely scarecrows, but they managed to pull the vehicles. Between Baramulla and Srinagar the teams were even worse: three ponies lay down, one from sheer exhaustion, and the travellers had to get out and walk to the next staging-place. As our correspondent puts it:—"If the ponies are in this state now, what will they be in when the regular heavy work of the summer begins?" Mr. Dhanjibhoy has such a deservedly high reputation that we are sure these facts have only to be brought to his notice to ensure a remedy being applied. His local agents apparently do

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION.

BRITISH EXPEDITION'S ACHIEVEMENTS.

THE GREAT SOUTH POLAR CONTINENT.

LONDON, MARCH 26.

A sledging expedition from the "Discovery" has reached 80 degrees which is by seventeen the furthest point south yet touched. The expedition suffered great hardships.

The geographical results exceed the most optimistic expectations. A vast mountainous region extending Polewards was discovered.

The ship is wintering 400 miles nearer the Pole than has hitherto been attempted, and will continue the explorations for another year, and will then return.

One seaman drowned is the only casualty that has occurred.

[The above telegram is not so clear as could be desired nor is it entirely accurate. The Antarctic Expedition led by Sir James Ross in the years 1839-43 achieved very remarkable results which appear to have been somewhat overlooked. In 1840 the Expedition discovered the Antarctic continent which Ross named Victoria Land, and reached latitude 78 degrees S. Victoria Land was found to be a mountainous region, and two of the largest eminences encountered were called Mount Erebus and Mount Terror after Captain Ross's two ships. After returning to Hobart Town the Expedition again sailed south in November, 1841, and on February 23rd attained a latitude of 78 degrees 11 minutes south, a point that stood as the record until M. Borchgrevink's Expedition of 1898-1900. The "discovery of the vast mountainous region extending Polewards" is therefore, a fact sixty years old. M. Borchgrevink in the course of his explorations three years ago reached latitude 78 degrees 50 minutes south Assuming, therefore, that the explorers from the Discovery have in sledges reached latitude 80 degrees this means that they have eclipsed Borchgrevink's record by a degree and a half. Another possible explanation of the telegram is that the party has reached latitude 80 degrees 17 minutes south.]

SIR HECTOR MACDONALD'S DEATH.

THE FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The relatives of Sir Hector Macdonald were at first desirous of his burial taking place in Aberdeenshire. The War Office wished the funeral to be in Paris for which it offered to pay all expenses, but was ready to defer in any case to the wishes of the relatives. The War Office instructed the Hon. Stuart Wortley to make arrangements. After an exchange of communications between the War Office and the relatives, it was finally decided that the burial should take place in Paris.

At the request of General Macdonald's brothers, Mr. Weir, M. P., and several friends proceeded to Paris to take charge of the arrangements. His brothers follow to-morrow.

Many members of the British Colony in Paris left wreaths at the hotel this morning. The coffin will be removed to the English Church this evening.

A civic entertainment to the Gordons at Aberdeen to-morrow has been postponed.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The funeral of Sir Hector Macdonald will take place in Paris to-morrow, and will be of a private character. There will be no military honours.

THE KING'S CRUISE.

LONDON, MARCH 26.

The King's cruise includes Malta and Gibraltar.

THE REBELLION IN MOROCCO.

SULTAN MAKING NO PROGRESS.

Morocco continues to be seriously disturbed. The Sultan is making no headway.

THE 'VARSITY BOAT RACE.

CAMBRIDGE THE FAVOURITE.

The betting on the Boat Race is 3 to 1 on Cambridge.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMS CONFERENCE.

PREFERENTIAL RATES FOR BRITISH PRODUCTS.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

It is stated that preferential rates have been accorded to British Trade by the South African Conference amounting to a twenty-five per cent. reduction on the ad-alorem tariff.

THE NEW RIFLE A SUCCESS.

In the debate on the Army Estimates Lord Stanley said that the new rifle had been tested in every way. A thousand had been placed in the hands of the troops, and the reports were uniformly favourable. It was a great improvement on the old rifle.

THE PHILIPPINE COINAGE ACT.

Mr. Secretary Shaw has purchased 250,000 ounces of silver at 49 1-10 cents per ounce in connection with the Philippine Coinage Act.

THE GRAND NATIONAL.

The following is the result of the Race for the Grand National:—

Drum Cree	1
Detail	2
Manifesto	3

THE MAILS.

LONDON, MARCH 23.

The Bombay Mails of the 14th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

THE UNIVERSITIES' COMMISSION REPORT.

FURTHER RESOLUTIONS OF THE MADRAS SENATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 27.

At an adjourned meeting of the Madras University Senate yesterday evening the Fellows resumed the discussion in committee of the recommendations of the Universities' Commission, and adopted the following resolutions by a large majority:—(1) The Senate disapproves of the proposal in para. 36 of the report of the Commission with respect to the appointment of Fellows, and is of opinion that the appointment of Fellows to the various faculties should be in the hands of the Senate as at present. The Senate is further of opinion that Fellows should in future, as at present, be eligible for appointment to more than one Faculty. (2) With reference to para. 51 (d) of the report of the Universities' Commission, the Senate, while it disapproves of the proposal that the Syndicate should exercise any of its powers otherwise than under delegation by the Senate, and, subject to its control, would approve of the Syndicate being recognised by law as an executive committee of the Senate. (3) The Senate fully endorses the opinion expressed in para. 42 of the report of the Commission that in future no Fellowships should be conferred merely by way of compliment, and that in the case of every appointment made there should be some good academic reason for it. From the careful selection of persons appointed to Fellowships rather than from any change in the strength of the constitution of the Senate is increased efficiency in the administration of the University to be looked for.

FAMINE RELIEF WORKS.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE FAMINE COMMISSION.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S RESOLUTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

The Government of India has published its resolution on the recommendations of Sir A. Macdonell of the Famine Commission. The questions arising out of the recommendations of the Commission, on which the Government of India specially desired to advise the local Governments are the following:—(1) The extent to which discrimination of persons is feasible in controlling the admission to relief works; (2) the abolition of the minimum wage in the case of able-bodied workers; (3) the difference of male and female wages and the adequacy of the wage scale proposed by the Commission; (4) the use of cooked food as the means of gratuitous relief; and (5) the maintenance of nominal rolls of relief workers. As to the first question the Governor-General leaves it to each local Government to decide to what class of districts, to what class of works, and subject to what limitations and restrictions it will provide for the extension of the system, but while in the case of gratuitous relief the system should be one of admission by selection, and in case of relief works it should be one of exclusion by selection. Rules are also laid down defining the conditions under which alone the selection should ordinarily be resorted to. As regards the second question the Government agree in thinking that the abolition of the minimum wage is not only advisable but necessary, provided the change is carried out in the manner and under the conditions recommended by the Famine Commission in para. 80 of their report, the two most important of which are to separate employment of the weakly and the strict adaptation of the task to the nature of the work and the powers of workers. As to the question of the wage scale, the Government accept the fundamental principle that the wage should be the lowest amount sufficient to maintain the health under given circumstances, and no distinction is to be made between wages of male and female workers, but a differentiation is to be preserved in the case of dependants' rest day wage and of gratuitous dole, for which purpose wages must be worked out separately for each sex. A wage scale to be adopted throughout India is given, and the Famine Code will prescribe the circumstances under which the wage may be raised. Payments are to be made daily. On the question of the use of cooked food the Government have decided not altogether to abandon the use of kitchen as a means for the distribution of relief, but they desire to emphasize the necessity for the most careful management in the cooking of food and in sanitary arrangements. In regard to the maintenance of muster rolls the Government have decided finally on their adoption.

The resolution then says that a Famine Commission will be appointed whenever a serious famine appears, or extensive relief measures are undertaken, and a single officer will, in future, be in the responsible charge in each relief work. Government consider it of great importance that a compact but brief and intelligible hand-book should be prepared in each province, setting out guiding principles of famine administration. It must not profess to be in any way a complete and final authority on the matters dealt with, but merely a compendium of general principles.

THE CALCUTTA PORT BUDGET.

A SURPLUS OF REVENUE ANTICIPATED.

REDUCTION OF CHARGES PROVIDED.

The Calcutta Port Commissioner's Budget for 1903-1904 gives the estimated income at Rs. 78,35,850 against Rs. 78,00,319 last year, out of which provision is made for the expenditure of Rs. 43,62,150 on new works and renewals on capital account, which includes the cost of acquiring additional property for the improvement of the port, new vessels, plant, etc.

The scheme provides for the remodelling of all arrangements in respect of the unloading of vessels and handling, storing, and delivery of import cargo with a view to all these operations being carried out with the utmost despatch and economy. Jetties and berths for accommodation of ocean steamers are to be considerably improved, and commodious wareh ouses erected, including Interest and Sinking Funds. The expenditure amounts to Rs. 75,94,354 against a total income of Rs. 78,35,850 leaving a surplus of Rs. 2,41,496, but this surplus the Commissioners have reduced by Rs. 2,28,000 by reductions in charges on goods landed at jetties and bulk oil discharged at budge, and for night work on vessels at jetties. These reductions, added to those of last year, make a total reduction of Rs. 4,04,000 per annum.

A BENGAL DURBAR.

The Lieutenant-Governor holds a Durbar at Belvedere this afternoon, at which one Maharajah, one Nawab, and fourteen other gentlemen will be invested. The Rev. J. A. Graham of Kalimpong will be presented with the first class Kaiser-i-Hind medal. Mr. Baijnath Goenka will also be presented with the Kaiser-i-Hind medal.

THE VICEROY'S TOUR.

SHIKAR AT CHAKIA.

VICEROY'S CAMP, MARCH 27.

H. E. the Viceroy's special train arrived at Mogul Serai at 8-30 o'clock this morning. The Viceroy, on alighting, was received by the Maharajah of Benares and his staff, attended by Mr. Shakespeare (Commissioner of Benares), Mr. Radice (Collector and Magistrate), and Mr. Bramley, D. S. P. After the usual courtesies and introductions the Viceroy, accompanied by the Maharajah, and escorted by his Highness's body-guard, drove out to Chakia, a distance of sixteen miles, where a shooting camp had been laid out. The remainder of the party followed, while numerous ekkas, etc were in attendance to take out the baggage.

Chakia lies at the foot of a range of hills covered with jungle, and the Viceroy, on arrival, was received by a guard-of-honour of the Benares Raj Infantry with band and colours, while the Maharajah conducted the Viceroy to the Camp, which had been pitched in a shady grove of mango trees. The Maharajah, after taking leave of the Viceroy, proceeded to his own house close by.

After lunch there were two beats in the jungle near the Camp, the party proceeding there on elephants. The party were posted in butts built up with leaves, brambles, etc. The fame of these jungles was well maintained, and many hundreds of sambhar, cheetal, and black buck were driven past, and a few good heads singled out. Two wild dogs tried to pass the line, one of them being accounted for. After an enjoyable afternoon in the jungle the party returned to the Camp.

WIFE MURDER AT POONA.

POONA, MARCH 27.

A brutal murder took place last night in the compound of the Station Hospital at Kirkee, when a cook boy named Mulloo Bhakoo stabbed his wife. The man had been drinking for the last few days and suspected his wife of infidelity. In his attack upon the woman he knocked her down and then kneeling on her stabbed her. The woman ran from the tent in which she was stabbed and fell on the ground bleeding profusely. Others went to assist her, and the woman was taken to the Kirkee Hospital, whence after her wounds were dressed she was taken to the Sassoon General Hospital where she died this morning. The murderer was placed before the magistrate today and remanded.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

THE NEW TAILOR COSTUME.

DAINTY DRESS TRIMMINGS.

THE LATEST IN LAMPS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 6.

It being quite decided that the pleated sac before with the skirt pleated from a close-fitting empiecement is to represent the popular build for the tailor costume, we are a little at a loss to know what will be the whim of the tailor costume of a more exclusive character. It would seem almost as if the tailor costume had now nothing left to say, that it had exhausted its possibilities; but no doubt, whether it be in the length of the coat or some other detail, the chic will differentiate itself from the popular. Meantime, it is remarked on all sides that skirts are shorter; long skirts are not so long and short skirts are shorter than they have hitherto ventured to be. To these the pleated formation has given much encouragement; a pleated skirt looks all the better for being quite short. It is perhaps the growing sense of the value of walking as an exercise that is at last sending us into short skirts. Any number of people now take morning walks in the Park, driving only in the afternoon; and it is surprising that there should ever have been a time when they were insensible to the value of the "constitutional." All exercise is valuable to a greater or less extent, but ripe experience will always attest that a good long walk taken at a quiet steady pace is the most health-giving of all, and especially for anyone that has to spend considerable time in the house or has a sedentary occupation. The popular golf is simply a long walk with the spice and pleasant excitement of the game thrown in, and hence its suitability to professional or literary and City men who are compelled to be so many hours a day in their houses or offices. It is not advisable for those who cannot keep by lots of exercise in a hard condition to take the very vigorous forms of exercise which do much more harm than good and excite the nervous system. The mild irritation of not "getting on the green" in one drive is just enough, but not too much nervous excitement for the work-absorbed beings of our day. And talking of golf, how greatly the knitted blouse coats have caught on, and how pretty are also the knitted waistcoats, double-breasted and close-fitting, that may be worn with an ordinary tailor coat, and not only for golfing but with the ordinary costume! A friend who has just come back from America says the New York women wear them constantly in town, and especially in emerald green wool and with emerald green toques. Some people are skilful enough to knit or crochet their own blouse coats or waistcoats; but for those with neither inclination nor time there are hand and machine knitted and crocheted blouses and waistcoats to be bought in a few of the better shops.

Accessory colours mean to be rather vivid this season; one sees notes of orange and of a brilliant lovely sapphire blue, and of a most fascinating pink, which, though hardly to be described as vivid, is a soft, rich, full pink one sometimes sees in the fuchsia—and, by the way, fuchsias seem to be finding favour in the eyes of the milliners. A toque worn the other day was all fuschias and showed such a range of pinks. Emerald green will continue a favourite accessory, it is becoming quite evident. And another thing which is more or less evident is that dark blue and green, the (as we supposed) exhausted contrast of last year, is still to some extent to the fore. And, talking of vivid colour worn in the Park the other day was a toque of sable with a border round the top of the brim of orange-colour backle feathers; it was certainly new and just a little startling. But one prefers the note of orange tucked in over the hair at the back of the hat and farther away from the face. It is only to the few that the vivid orange is really seyant. At the same time it may be highly effective in a scheme of colour, especially with navy blue or with black and white, or a beaver shade of brown and a certain shade of grey.

There is a strong demand for lace. The passion for gossamer creations seems likely to grow, and next season will probably see the demand for costly laces even greater than this. The new Chantilly laces in skirt length flounces, demi, and narrow flouncing are the features of the counter. It is probable that wide bands with straight edges in all the different trimming laces will replace the wave edge laces which have been much in vogue. Braids are destined to play a still greater part in the trimming of gowns. The new wool silk braids are beautiful and diversified. Braids with crochet passementeries and pendants or small buttons are very fashionable in trimming gowns and wraps of velvet, silk, or lace, as well as heavy woollen goods. The braids in dark and light effects are desirable for trimming. A wide braid, known to the trade as Belgian, made after the style of Renaissance lace, white and cream, is much used on dressy blouses of chiffon. Fine soutache braids are being developed to a high degree of art. They are peculiarly valuable for laying upon plain materials in alternate bands of black and white, and produce a chic effect far beyond the value of the material. Then there are the silk soutaches in black and white, which are admirable for trimming stocks and girdles. Fringes are being worn this year. Indeed, they are in evidence everywhere. They come in all widths, from the narrow variety used to adorn the ends of scarves to the broad and silky fringes of extraordinary length and intricate make. Embroideries have an unusual vogue this year, those of Oriental patterns being extremely fashionable. The rich colourings of these embroideries serve to give just the necessary dash of colour to an otherwise too sombre costume. They are much in demand for the ornamentation of cuffs and collar bands as well as belts. The coloured embroideries on mousseline de soie, or chiffon laces, as they are sometimes called, are much used in trimming house dresses. In lawn and nainsook embroideries there are some noteworthy departures. There are some interesting applique galloons in ecru and white. There are also some excellent designs in eyelet and open work, which deserve attention. The open work is generally in imitation of the old English embroidery. In hats, anything that is flat seems to be the thing. The material which may be used is practically without limit. Broad-brimmed hats are certainly having it all their own way. White, furry hats decorated with violets are having another run this year. Turbans and toques, so they be flat, are worn, and even the Marquis and Louis XIV. are to be seen.

Beadwork is a distinctive feature of the lamp and candle shades of all sizes this year. Beads of white glass are always used. Sometimes they hang in long fringes, acting as the prisms on crystal chandeliers, at others they are sewn over the surface of the shade in various designs, where they sparkle with the tinted light which glows through the silk. Instead of a gilt net, one of small beads is sometimes stretched over the flower designs on the cretonne shades, producing a very rich effect when lighted. The woman who paints will find an effective field for her art in the new paper shades that in their quaintness promise to be popular. A large white one wired to fold like a fan is painted with green palms and finished with a white chiffon flounce. Another has red poppies and red chiffon. A third shade is edged with silk rose petals, arranged to fall like a thick fringe. The top of the shade is similarly trimmed with entire roses instead of petals alone. These shades are made of a stiff composition material, like fluted chiffon in effect, and are adorned at one side with a Watteau or some other daintily coloured picture. The prettiest shade, and one that is most popular and easy for the ingenious woman to copy, is a round shade entirely covered with deep crimson petals, until it looks like a huge rose. There is no sign of silk or fringe, nothing but the petals, and to carry the impression further a beautiful spray of rose buds and leaves is caught on each side of the shade. Ningpo straw fans in green make an inexpensive and pretty shade. A six-sided frame is covered with green muslin and the fans are arranged to cover it, the six handles being first cut off. The fans are so put on that their points form an effective edge at the top.

In the arrangement of lights and flowers novelties are always being devised until, at the present moment almost anything can be used for the purpose. A beautiful vase, a piece of old pottery in any desirable colour, a water jug—all are seen utilised as lamps. A metal well for holding oil, fitted into the top, together with fixtures for the shade, make them practical at once. Charming lampstare made from old silver coffee urns. Another lamp is a piece of East Indian pottery the shape of a ginger jar, only three or four times its size, and covered with silver wicker work These may be had in soft greens, many of them striped up and down with a lighter shade and a narrow black line. There are also tall cut glass lamps with a globe shaped shade of the same and curious pottery hanging lamps of green jade that have two burners, after the style of the old student lamp. All kinds of antique brass bronze or iron lamps are hung in unexpected corners. The newest English slamps are mostly tall, slim, and dainty while the latest importations from America are squatty in their proportions, and show a decided preference for bronze and bronze effects. The shades tone with the bronze and have little or no orna mentation.

One of the most beautiful and costly is a Doulton lamp (designed in honour of the King's Coronation), like a tall urn and beautifully coloured in tones ranging from white to a deep rich brown. The shade used with it is made of yellow net over a hoodlike frame. Silk roses are appliqued on the under side to shine through the net, and at the bottom the shade is trimmed with a deep gold bullion fringe set over a ruffle of pink. A variety of this same shade has green grapes for a fringe, which is very pretty and effective. For the tea-table nothing is more popular this year than the old Dutch candlesticks of brass, beloved of our grandmothers. In the latest shades for single candlesticks the flower effect is still produced, but in a different way to last year. In making them a piece of white net or a thin silk of some delicate tint is cut and made up to fit tightly over a frame. The frame is never round, but a great variety of many sided shapes are used, the pyramid and nubbin forms being most popular. Over this first covering is past d the flower design, cut from a piece of cretonne, the flowers being arranged to suit the fancy of the maker, parts of the under silk or net being allowed to show through, and no two sides of a shade being the same. Above the cretonne is now stretched a gilt net, bands of glass beads decorate the different sides of the shade as a finishing, and a fringe of beading drops from the flower edge. Designs of any flowers may be used. Lovely shades are covered with pink and white azaleas. These shades are made small for candelabra and in larger sizes for the single candle stick. When lit they produce the effect of a bunch of flowers intermingled with brilliants.

Few English or Continental cooks are aware, says an Oriental cordon bleu, that in discarding the water in which rice is boiled they are wasting what is regarded by the Oriental as the most nutritious part of the food. This fact was curiously proved some years since, when a detachment of European and native troops in India found themselves beleaguered in a fort with insufficient rations, even of rice, to enable them to hold out until a force could march to their relief. It was when the officers were seriously debating this problem that the natives approached them with what was regarded as a curious solution of the difficulty. If, proposed the latter, the Europeans took all the rice, they, the natives, would be quite content with the water in which it was boiled. The suggestion, in place of any better, was adopted; when it was remarked that while the Europeans found it difficult to maintain their strength on full rations of rice, the natives lost none of their stamina by several weeks' diet on the water. When the proposal was made the action of the natives was praised as one of great devotion to their superiors, but the sentiment was somewhat modified when the discovery was made that the natives were quite aware that the principal nourishment lay in the water. Since that time Europeans in the Orient following the custom of the natives, have given rice water to patients, particularly in cases of cholera, as a last resort when no other food can be retained in the stomach, and usually with good results. But the natives always value this water so highly that they never dream of throwing it away. In fact, it would surprise many cooks to discover how much may be done with the apparently worthless stock. If the rice is cooked in the Oriental fashion—that is, boiled only so long that each grain comes out of the pan separate and not as a solden mass—the water, when strained off and permitted to cool, will become a jelly approaching the consistency of blancmange. To suit the occidental palate the water should be flavoured with an extract, or otherwise the jelly may have rather an insipid taste. Then, if served with cream and preserved fruit, you have a most nourishing and palatable dessert, with still the boiled grain for other purposes.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

It would appear that one must travel farther afield than the precincts of a provincial police court to find common sense exercised in the fulfilment of commonplace duties. We admit that the laws of the country must be respected and upheld but a certain license should be given when offences have been committed under exigent circumstances. A case in point is the recent charge for footpath riding brought against Miss Hurst, a district nurse of Keswick. She has been urgently summoned to attend a patient lying seriously ill and, having also to call at a doctor's to report on another patient, naturally took to the side path at one portion of her journey where the road was in a very bad condition, so as to make all possible speed. A policeman stopped her, and although the circumstances of the case were fully explained he issued a summons, and the bench duly imposed a fine. The law was never intended to prove a barrier to errands of mercy such as this.

"The Cyclist" gives a very good tip for wheelmen who unfortunately run short of lamp oil when travelling in out-of-the-way country villages. Cycle lamp oil is often difficult to secure, villagers invariably using paraffin as their illuminant. When this is the case a very good dodge is to procure some dry rag or cotton waste, or any other similar material, and fill up the reservoir of the lamp with it, leaving just room for the wick to go into it. This having been done, the reservoir should be filled with paraffin, and that not absorbed by the wick and absorbent material afterwards poured off. In this way a fairly satisfactory light will be obtained, lasting long enough for the wheelman to return home.

Harry Appleton having last year won outright the eighty guinea challenge vase put up by the Bath Cycling Club, the club have decided to replace it by another trophy valued at one hundred guineas. The cup will be put up for competition for the first time on Whit Monday. Sprinters are very well catered for in the matter of valuable cups, there being, besides the above hundred guinea trophy, three others, viz: the Muratti cup, the Carmarthen gold vase, and the Plymouth cup, all of which are for amateur racing men.

The first round of the "Grande Poule d'Essai," a ten kilometre paced race confined to six competitors, will be carried out on Sunday next at the Buffalo track, Paris. A most formidable entry has been received, there being, Jimmy Michael, Henri Contenet (holder of the world's hour record), Emile Bouhours, T. Hall (holder of the world's kilometre record), Jean Gougoltz, and Dassot. In this race, all the competitors met each other in turn, the result being decided by points.

Cyclists were recently very fortunate at the Sheffield County Court in obtaining verdicts in their favour; two cases in particular standing out prominently as indicating the improved attitude of magistrates towards wheelmen. In one a claim brought by a pedestrian against a cyclist for £34 damages sustained in a collision the magistrate after hearing the evidence stated that if there ever was a pure accident the case in question was, and dismissed the summons. The other case was a claim of £50 against a firm of cab proprietors, brought by a cyclist who had sustained severe injuries through alleged careless driving on the part of one of the defendants' employees. The plaintiff spent three weeks in hospital as the result of the accident. After hearing the evidence on both sides, the magistrate gave judgment for the amount claimed.

At the Derby Assizes a cyclist has been successful in obtaining a verdict in his favour awarding him £75 and costs for injuries sustained whilst cycling. Although such a substantial sum, it is by no means excessive considering the circumstances of the case. The defendant, a carrier, had sent out an incompetent man in charge of a load of furniture, the van having no brake attached. Whilst on the journey the horse, from some cause or other, bolted, and in its wild career ran over the wheelman smashing up the bicycle and fracturing the cyclist's thigh. This necessitated his laying up for fourteen weeks. The evidence was all against the carrier.

"There is a black sheep in every flock," and such a member of the pastime of cycling has been unearthed at the Thames Police Court, where he stood charged with reckless riding in a narrow and busy thoroughfare. Not only did the defendant fail to ring his bell, but, having knocked over a policeman, he attempted to ride off, and when caught gave a false name and address. However he was called upon to pay a fine of £1 and costs, and £3 compensation to the person knocked over.

Wood rims have almost entirely dropped out of use, except in the capacity of hoops for children who in cycle manufacturing centres are very partial to them. Wood rims for ordinary road work in this country have not proved satisfactory. There can be no amount of direct strength in a rim made of wood, but it lateral stability is small indeed, and as double tube tyres are in use on almost every machine in the country, it naturally resulted that wood rims fell out because they were not equal to the duty they were called upon to do. They would not stand the lateral strain of the wired on or the beaded edge tyre, and could only possibly remain popular while single tube tyres were in use.

The world's record has again been beaten by the Hon. C. S. Rolls, who has succeeded in driving a motor cab at a faster speed than was ever before accomplished, covering a flying kilometre in the Duke of Portland's park in the unprecedented time of 27 seconds. The previous best record was 28 1-5 seconds, and in both cases the cars were fitted with the famous Dunlop tyres, which are thus proved to be as superior to all others in regard to speed, as the recent award of the First prize for the Automobile Club's 4,000 miles trials, proved the Dunlop to be pre-eminent in regard to reliability.

The flying kilometer record has again been broken The Hon. C. S. Rolls, in the Duke of Portland' park accomplishing the distance in 27 seconds, an upset of nearly 23 miles an hour. The former record was 28 1-5 seconds. It is most noteworthy that both of these truly wonderful records were accomplished on motor cars fitted with the famous Dunlop tyres.

NOTES FROM AHMEDABAD.

AN Ahmedabad Correspondent, writing on Thursday, says:—In spite of the dry winds and warm weather the plague here is increasing day by day. The total mortality from this epidemic during the week ended on March 24th indicates a very bad state of affairs. There were registered 82 attacks and 49 deaths from plague during the week, an increase of 20 in the former and a rise of 13 in the latter over the preceding week. The total mortality from all causes during the week was 376, an increase of 21 over the previous week's total.

Mr. R. P. Lambert left this place for Bombay by yesterday's Mail to take charge of his new post. A large crowd was present on the railway platform to see him off, among those present being Mr. Dadoral, the Collector; Mr. Kiddle, the Assistant Collector; Messrs. Bhimbhai, Lalshanker, Kashavla', Pranlal, Himatlal, Chimanbhai, and many others. The railway compound was decorated and especially illuminated. The police band was also in attendance.

On Wednesday night in the Gujerat College Residency a student of the Previous Class was found suffering from plague. He was sent to his native place, and the College was closed.

Rao Bahadur Motilal Lallubhai, the late Dewan of Bhuj, is likely to be appointed as the President of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

Mr. Gardner, who was recently appointed Secretary of the Municipality by the casting vote of the President, Mr. Himatlal, has declared his unwillingness to accept the post.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE following passengers are booked to proceed to-day by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Massilia, to Marseilles and London:—

Moore Capt. HAMS and infant
Bentley-Smith Mr
Fox Mr E J
Cox Mrs J H, 2 children and nurse
Eyre Mr R
Von Hoffman Baron
Russell Mr P
Cormell Mr
Searle Capt P C
Wilson Capt. R I M
Kealy Lt P H
Stuart Capt
Peery Mrs E H
Peery Miss H E
Peery Miss J
Peery Miss B E
Browning Mr and Mrs C H
Cardeu Major G A
Black Mr R A
Black Mrs Maurice
Lichtenburger Mrs
Lichtenburger two Misses
Grant Mr F W
Marchant Miss
Martin Rev E
Turner Mrs
Nagnoka Mr Hisacy
Robertson Mr F
Gowentooh Mr
Angus Mr
Shaw Stewart Lieut B H Stewart
Neilson Mrs and two infants
Johnstone Major, Mrs. child, infant and nurse
Nachtegall Mr C
Swanston Very Lieut
Doveton Capt J H
Vangulin Mr
Simins Mr E E
La Porte Mr R A
Saha Mr S
Murison Mr J
Comber Mr
Dolivala Mr A M
Healy Lieut C

ARRIVAL OF THE TRANSPORT ASSAYE

THE hired transport Assaye, Captain E. R. Dowell, arrived in harbour yesterday evening, from Southampton, which port she left on the 6th March and called at Port Said, Suez, and Aden enroute. She brought drafts for various regiments, comprising 73 officers, 12 ladies, 21 children, 10 warrant officers, 1,149 non-commissioned officers and men, 84 women, and 71 children. The troops will be landed to-day at the Sassoon Dock and despatched to Deolali and Poona this evening in two special troop trains, leaving the Sassoon Dock at 5-40 and 6-40 p. m, respectively. The following are the names of the officers:—

Lieut-Col C B Towashend R Fusiliers
Lieut F F Calvin 9th Lancers
Major G W Willoughby How 9th Lancers
Lieut F H Lord Blackwood 9th Lancers
Major Honeaze 5th D Guards
Capt M M Moncrieff 6th D Guards
Lieut P Christie 6th D Guards
Capt P T Coleadu 6th D Guards
Lieut S G Saunders 6th D Guards
Capt H P Osborne 1st Middlesex Regt
Lieut C W Watney 1st Middlesex Regt
Lieut J G Phillips 1st Middlesex Regt
Lieut A C H Garcia Durham L I
Lieut O Rawlandson Durham L I
Bt-Major T E Glossop 1st Leicester
Capt H E Marsh R G A
Bt-Major A L Buckle R G A
Lt R H Wharton R G A
Lt-Col M W Kerin R A M C
Major B H Scott R A M C
Capt E W Hunter R A M C
Lt C Bowen R W Surrey
Lt G A Mackie R W Surrey
Lt A G Dawson R W Surrey
Lt R W Bruce K O S B
Maj C T W Church R Sussex
Bt-Lt-Col C F Dawkins Sharop L I
Capt H M Smith Shrop L I
Lieut Dolmer-Murray Shrop L I
Capt H E Carey R F A
Lieut E H Simpson 1st D'pool
Lieut J A Ellis 2nd Bor Regt
Lieut F L Dyer 2nd Bor Regt
Capt B C Dent 1st Leicester
Lieut F Colquhoun 1st Leicester
Lieut H F Salt R H A
Lieut M Duthie R F A
Capt A M Du Pree R F A
Capt L W P East D S O, R F A
Lieut Shaw R F A
Lieut J Blumenthal R F A
Lieut R Hewett R F A
Lieut Evans Gwynne R F A
Major Crompton R F A
Lieut Col A E Wilmot R F A
Lieut Col W D S O, R G A
Lieut M F A Maclean R G A
Lieut T C D B Murray R M Fusiliers
Lieut G H Hodgson R Wrick
Lieut M L Feeth S S Regt
Lieut M W Corbett do Cab R Irish Regt
Lieut R Deburgh Manchester
Lieut C H Harrison 1st W I Regt
Lieut S G V Ellis 1st W I Regt (ten days)
Capt C Manley Misc List
Lieut F Brightman Scottish Rifles
Lieut Clifford M A Dept
Lieut H Watts Qr Mr Genl's Dept
Lieut H C Prescott S W Bords
Lieut J H Murray I M S
Lieut A T Pridham I M S
Lieut F P Mackie I M S
Lieut J O'Leary I M S
Lieut W H Crosan I M S
Lieut Rollo Smith I M S
Lieut A F Pilkington I M S
Lieut P G Easton I M S
Lieut H M Young I M S
Lieut G A Jolly I M S
Lieut W J Collinson I M S
Lieut H H Kiddle I M S

MR. EDWARD COMBER IN BOMBAY.

ADDRESS BY COTTON EXCHANGE COMPANY.

At the invitation of the Chairman and Directors of the Cotton Exchange Company, Limited, a large number of merchants, brokers, and brokers, specially connected with the mill industry of Bombay, assembled last evening at the Rooms of the Exchange, Middle Colaba, to meet Mr. Edward Comber, who has returned to Bombay after a continued absence of seventeen years. The Exchange rooms were decorated with flags, palm leaves, and festoons of flowers. Amongst those present were Messrs. H. Greaves, Glezbrook, Brael, D. E. Wacha, Dharamsey Mooarjee Gooculdas, Narotam Moorjee Gooculdas, and others. Mr. Comber arrived at 4-30 p. m. and was heartily received by the assembly. Several gentlemen present at the meeting were introduced to him with whom he shook hands.

Mr. Nanadass Purshotumdas read the following address:—

Gentlemen,—On behalf of the Directors and myself of the Bombay Cotton Exchange, I beg to thank you sincerely for the very cordial manner in which you have responded to our invitation. We have assembled this afternoon to have the pleasure of meeting after a long lapse of years, a gentleman, who, about two decades back, played a prominent part as a citizen in the affairs of this city. Mr. Edward Comber has returned to Bombay after a continued absence of 17 years, and we are all much pleased to see him amongst us once more so hale and hearty. Mr. Edward Comber, it is a matter of great pleasure to us to be able to welcome you amongst us after an absence of 17 years. During your sojourn here, in the good old days, you had not only evinced a keen interest in the welfare of the country, but had actually taken measures for that in your capacity as Chairman of our Chamber of Commerce. You will, therefore, be glad to learn that during your absence the cotton trade of this Western India side of our Presidency flourished. I will quote the statistics of only the last four decades. Receipts in Bombay:—1871; bales 1,102,000; 1881, bales 1,367,000; 1891, bales 2,002,000; 1901 bales 1,981,000 Local consumption by Mills:—1871 bales 52,000; 1881 bales 270,000; 1891 bales 988,000. You will see that our local consumption has increased with the additions of new mills. However the mill industry prospered till 1893, since which year that branch of our industry has not progressed hand in hand with the Cotton trade. This is due, in our opinion to the altered circumstances of the currency, and, is further handicapped by the disproportionate freight charges, by the combined Liners, on shipments of Indian yarn to China, as compared to the freight rate for shipments to Japan. As regards exports of cotton, they certainly have increased, but a new market for Indian cotton has been opened in the Far East, Japan, during the last few years has imposed no inconsiderable portion of our cotton as will be seen from the following figures:—

	To Europe	To Japan
1871	1,002,000	48,000
1881	571,000	60,000
1891	1,070,000	107,000
1901	620,000	284,000
1902	.....	525,000

Whilst speaking of exports, I am much pleased to be able to say that during the last decade we have improved our system of ginning cotton. The old times of hand-gins which had earned for Indian cotton the nick-name of cotton mixed with seed and dirt are gone, and we are in a new era of machine gins. Of the various calamities that have recently helped to depress our trade and industries famine has played the yeoman's part. As once of rain has, of late, prevented us from supplying you freely with staple cotton, such as Broach and Surat. The quality, however, is improving, and we hope to renew our connection with Manchester and continue supplying it as before. In conclusion, Sir, we beg to thank you for this opportunity that you have given us of meeting you. We wish you a long voyage back to your home, and wish you may long be spared to live a healthy life, interesting yourself in the welfare of this country where you are leaving so many friends.

Mr. Comber in reply thanked the meeting for the great honour done to him. It was nearly thirty three years ago that he first landed in Bombay, and during that period naturally there had been many changes in the cotton trade of Bombay. There had been a great increase in the mill industry, which showed that Bombay was alive to the advantages of having the supply at its very doors. No industry, however could continue for a number of years without going through certain vicissitudes. At the present moment the mill industry of Bombay seemed to him to be approaching a crisis, but he hoped that its trials would soon pass away. During the last famine and plague, which told heavily on the prosperity of the country. They all knew that no Government could prevent famine or plague, in which there was the hand of God, still they could do a good deal in ameliorating the poorer classes of those calamities, and the Government of India had not been slow in their endeavours to counteract those two evils. Famine was not unknown to the people of this country. Many of the present generation remembered the terrible famines of 1877, 1878 and 1879 However those three years of famine were the precursors of fifteen years' prosperity, and it was during those prosperous years that the mill industry of Bombay had made such rapid progress. It could therefore, be anticipated that the present bad time would be followed by years of prosperity. Referring to the currency question Mr. Comber said that the difficulties would be overcome. The war in South Africa was now over and the rich mines would soon be set work ing. The production of gold would go up and with it the price of silver was sure to go up. As or as mill industry was concerned the prospects were favourable, but there was a cloud hanging over China, and trouble was expected to arise within two or three years in that country. If the present position was maintained Bombay would prosper, and should be. Bombay had been most energetic in pushing forward its yarn in different markets. With regard to the new import tariff in Persia the speaker asked them not to sit down, but to go on agitating. Referring to the supply of cotton, Mr. Comber observed that American themselves were getting all we to the advantages of having mills in their cotton fields, and a large number of such mills were now being worked. Time was not far distant when Europe would have to look up to other sources of supply for their cotton. An Association had been formed in England for the development of the growth of cotton in Africa, but that would not affect the supply of India for some years to come. In conclusion he thanked the meeting again, and said it had given him great pleasure to be amongst them. He found that many old faces had disappeared, but the names of their firms were still existing. He expressed a hope that the young generation would follow in the footsteps of their father and maintain their firms in future. (Applause.)

Mr. Comber was then garlanded and presented with a bouquet. Three cheers were called for and heartily responded to by

proceeded to argue that the local Legislature had no power to create a Tribunal of Justice. It appeared that the Act of Appeal against the Land Acquisition Act was to the High Court. It was obvious that the Improvement Trust was not a corporation for places or persons, but it was for a particular individual, whose sole object was to enable him to acquire land of private owners absolutely upon very favourable terms. The local Legislature by passing the Act did not repeal or alter or amend the Land Acquisition Act, but it was only a legislation in favour of an individual. In the position of a corporation they could not change the law of the land. No corporation could be created without the consent of the King, and the learned counsel submitted that the Bombay Legislature had no power to create the corporation. Mr. Inverarity then cited a number of cases in support of his argument that where power was given to compulsorily acquire land of a private owner, the very letter of the statute must be followed, which was not done in the present case: in the first place no notice was issued to the owner that the land was to be acquired under the provisions of the Improvement Act, the notice served on his client being that the land was to be acquired under the Land Acquisition Act. Again the notice did not state that the land was going to be acquired by the Improvement Trust, but it was mentioned in it that it was going to be taken up by Government. The declaration again was not in accordance with the letter of the enactment. The learned counsel concluded by citing a number of cases in support of his arguments, and asked the Court to allow him to examine Mr. Hebert, the chairman of the Improvement Trust, for the purpose of showing that the board exercised unlimited and oppressive powers, and it was not, therefore, competent for the Government to pass an Act which was not for the peace and good government of the city, and also for the purpose of showing that the plaintiff's were entitled to bring a case against the Trust.

The Hon. Mr. S. Rebeiro, the Chairman of the Board Trustees for the improvement of Bombay was then examined by Mr. Inverarity, and he gave evidence of the various powers given to the Trustees under the provisions of the Act. He admitted that a long time—in some cases three years —elapsed between the time the various improvement schemes were submitted to Government and their final sanction was obtained from them.

Hari Pandurang, a copying clerk in the employ of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, solicitors, and one of the plaintiffs, was also examined as to the notifications issued and the correspondence that took place between his solicitors and those of the Trust. He produced a document showing that the property in question belonged to his great grand-father as far back as the year 1824.

The Hon. Mr. Scott in arguing the case for the Secretary of State said that no suit could lie against him unless due notice, as was contemplated by the provisions of the Code, was given. Rightly or wrongly that legislature had considered that Government could not be sued without notice. Further hearing of the case was then adjourned till Friday next.

MUNICIPAL STORES DEPARTMENT.

SUGGESTIONS FROM THE COMMISSIONER.

At the April meeting of the Bombay Corporation the following letter from the Commissioner will be considered :—

I have the honour to submit the following report with reference to Corporation Resolution of the 31st July last. In that Resolution I was asked to state whether, instead of giving the Chief Accountant an extra assistant, sufficient relief would not be afforded (1) by establishing a separate Stores Department, and (2) by consolidating the Chief Accountants Department as far as feasible, with Revenue and Refund Audit Department, and I was also asked to report on the efficiency of the Account Office. The results of the enquiry made by Mr Wheeler in the matter of Municipal Stores are now before the Corporation, and I assume that his advice as to the management of stores in future will be accepted. This will involve the removal of the Falkon Road Stores from under the direct charge of the Chief Accountant, but he will still have to audit the accounts of and maintain an outside check over the working of the whole Department, and in the beginning will probably have personally to give a good deal of attention to seeing that the system prescribed by Mr. Wheeler is properly started. The Chief Accountant has been indefatigable in his attempts to get this Department, which has for so many years been worked on unsatisfactory lines, established on a proper basis, and much of his time has been spent in working at the subject; but I am not of opinion that the work of himself or his office will be materially reduced by the new system, for, as already pointed out though some of the stores will in future be under his direct control, the success of the new Department must to a great extent depend on the efficiency of the audit maintained over it. With reference to the second proposal, I am not clear as to how it is expected that the addition of the Revenue and Refund Audit Office to that of the Chief Accountant's would give him any relief. The officer at the head of this Department, in addition to the audit of Town Duty Refunds and the hearing of assessment complaints, the latter of which duties alone occupies from 3 to 4 hours a day for two months, is responsible for the audit of the whole of the Municipal Revenues. He has to check all the demands for taxes and see that they are in accordance with the Act and with any general or special orders issued thereunder, to scrutinize all claims for refunds and drawbacks, check outstanding bills, see that there is no undue delay in recovery of taxes, and generally maintain a supervision over the operations of the Assessment Department. He has, besides, to audit the revenues of all the other Municipal Department. Some idea of the work done by this Department will be obtained from the following figures for the year 1901-02 in respect of some of the items above referred to :—

Complaints against Assessments ...	...	575
Applications for Refunds ...	...	1,312
Applications for 1-5 Drawback	...	16 453
Town Duty Refund Claims ...	...	47,053

I assume that any amalgamation of this Department with the Account Office would involve its subordination to the Chief Accountant, whose duties and responsibilities would thereby be largely increased, as, though a highly paid assistant would still have to be maintained, the Chief Accountant would of course have to make himself conversant with the details of the new work transferred to him, and exercise control over it in addition to his present legitimate work. It seems clear, therefore, that any amalgamation of the two Departments at the present juncture would only increase the Chief Accountants burden at a time when all his energies have to be devoted to the reorganization of his Office, and I would most strongly deprecate any steps in this direction. I am not prepared to say that ultimately this measure will not be feasible but I do not think it should be seriously considered until the Separate Audit Office is in thoroughly satisfactory condition. The question of the efficiency of the Account Office was, I believe, examined in some detail by the Committee appointed by Corporation Resolution of the 8th September 1901, and though improvements in some points, and specially in regard of the suspense account, have been effected, the general state of the Office is much the same as before. An Audit Office to be satisfactory must do a great part of its work as it were automatically. The accounts must, as the Committee pointed out, be carefully edited and the audit rules and procedure generally should be embodied in a Manual which, while every member of the establishment should be required to be thoroughly familiar, By a system of this kind only can the volume of reference and note to superior officers and to the spending officer mostly be reduced, and it is essential, in my opinion, that the Chief Accountant should have the preparation of an Office Manual put in hand as the earliest possible date. After further careful consideration of the circumstances of the Office and the increase of work, I am quite of opinion that the supervising staff is not at present excessive, and I think the best solution for the difficulty is to add a Clerk on Rs. 250 to the present establishment of the Account Office. The Chief Accountant has been indefatigable in his efforts on behalf of the Commissioner in every way to assist and do honour to Government Account Officer, and the examination by the Auditors appointed by the Corporation calls in the nature of things for no more than a check over the work done by the Chief Accountant's Office. It is, of course, most valuable, but the time is by any simplification and of a detailed audit which must, as now, be carried out on recognised principles before payments are made. I confidently expect that the Chief Accountant, when relieved by the appointment of an assistant of responsible duties of the routine work, which he now personally supervises, will be able to push on the preparation of the Office Manual and commence the regular system of test audits whichever, as already pointed out, mean rejoices, if forward in opposition statement showing the changes made from time to time necessary to make the scheme, and as no increase in expenditure is involved, I trust that sanction to the proposal will now be given."

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH MARCH.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has changed irregularly and by small amounts over the whole country except locally in the Punjab, Rajputana and at Bhuj Agra, Sangor, Malegaon and Nagpur, where a brisk to rapid rise has taken place.

Winds are north easterly, south-westerly or north-west rly at most of the reporting stations. The force has been strong to a gale at Jamnagar and Negapatam.

Temperature is below normal in many places but shows a tendency to rise. The maximum varied from 81° at Lahore to 105° at Cuddapah, and the minimum from 54° at Lahore to 80° at Negapatam.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast at Jacobabad and Manilpatam. Humidity changes are unimportant.

Rain.—Nil.

Weather continues fine.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT—MARCH 27.	
10 p.m.	76·0
FRIDAY—MARCH 27.	
6 a.m.	75·5
10 a.m.	79·0
2 p.m.	82·6
6 p.m.	81·2

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, purifies the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, and will teach a peculiar pearly whiteness and delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes instantly all odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" is compounded in parts of Honey and several herbs collected in the Himalayan mountains, the discovery of the Hon. Gt. all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 61 Farringdon Road, London, England.

PSHAWISMS.

"ABOLITION OF WORKING CLASSES."

MR. BERNARD SHAW AT TOYNBEE HALL.

Upon the pleasing subject of the uselessness of the working classes Mr. G. Bernard Shaw lectured at Toynbee Hall, writes the "Westminster," to an audience entirely composed of working men. His thesis was: "That the working classes are useless, dangerous and ought to be abolished." The audience of Whitechapel working men had obviously come to be amused, and the lecture-room in Toynbee Hall was crowded with a tolerant congregation, who applauded the lecturer's frequent and facile jeers at themselves.

"I never have been a friend of the working classes; I never approved of them; I have always wanted to get rid of them." Thus the lecturer began. Mr. Shaw was disappointed in the working man. Twenty-five years ago, it was possible to believe in the working classes. It was confidently prophesied that, if once the working man was enfranchised, he would assert himself and achieve his aims. The Liberal Party had given the working classes the vote, and the working classes had voted against them ever since.

"I used to be a Socialist," said the lecturer sadly. "I am now a Moderate member of a Moderate borough council." Mr. Shaw went on to tell how he fought his first election. He stood on a Labour platform, in the company of a Labour member, and was ignominiously defeated. He could not express how ignominiously. He was told that he should have expected that result if he was so foolish as to mix himself up with "that sort of people." The next election he was wiser. He made it plain that he had nothing to do with labour; instead, he wrote to every working man in the constituency, and told him that he depended for his election upon the votes of the "thoughtful few"! As a result he was returned high up.

Mr. Shaw spoke with pathos of his experiences as an Irish landlord. He deprecated his tenants' extraordinary desire for roofs—extravagant things which they seemed to think necessary, but which Mr. Shaw's ancestors found they could do without. And he offered to make a present of his estate to anybody who would take it off his hands.

The effect of abolishing the working classes would be that the work of the world would have to be done by the middle classes, who have a solid idea of their own comfort, and would see that the dirty work of the world was done in a clean way.

As to the means of abolishing the working classes, Mr. Shaw was not so lucid. The only way that suggested itself to him was by dynamite, but he pointed out that if he attempted to take that method he would be stopped, not by the upper or the middle classes, but by the working classes.

DIVINE SERVICE.

FIFTH SUNDAY IN LENT, 29TH MARCH.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
9 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral—Merbecke.
Hymns—96, 196, 553 and 191.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Lord Bishop.
Hymns—95, 197 and 97.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—22 23.
Collections for Organ Fund.
Daily Matins at 9-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

11 a.m.—Parade Service.
Hymns—23 and 262.
Preacher the Rev. Father Page, S S J E.
8 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion
Hymns—3-2, 324 and 178.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Choral and Sermon.
Hymns—112, 161 and 196.
Preacher the Rev Father Page, S S J E.
Offertories during the day for Church expenses.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—106.
Hymns—132, 211 and 148.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—124 first Version tune 217.
Hymns—91, 321, and 187.
Anthem—No, 112.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
(Waudby Road.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service (St. Andrew's Church.)
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Class.
6 p.m.—Evening Service Rev J S Mackaight.
Hymns—18, 191, 257 and 339.
Psalm—39 5-10.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
Hymns—160, 323 and 231.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—190, 198, 235 and 19.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH,
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

DAILY.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
7-15 p.m.—Evensong.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Litany and Holy Communion.
4-30 p.m.—Service for the Young.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev Canon W A Roberts.
Offertory to C M S Gibs Boarding School, Bombay.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7 30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
10-15 a.m.—Matins.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral). Preacher Rev Fr Page.
Alms for Church Expenses.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
Hymns—93, 528, 323, 321 and 219.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Preacher Rev R H Gundry Chaplain of Parel.
Hymns—250, 493 and 31.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
(Apollo Bunder.)

9-15 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
11 a.m.—Divine Service.
6 p.m.—Divine Service. Preacher Rev. L. E. Linzell.
All Seats free and Strangers cordially invited.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL,
(Madras Time.)

8-30 a.m.—Choral Celebration of the Holy Eucharist with Sermon.
Hymns—323, 347 and 321.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev W Kennelly.
Hymns—270, 187 and 362.

HIGH COURT.—MARCH 28.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYABJI.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

1900—Crawford B and Co—Hassumbhoy Visram and others vs Koradi Jivraj and another—Mansookhal D and J. Part heard.

Commercial Causes

45-03—Crawford B and Co—Peter Harrower vs Ernest Gladwyn Dundon—Nasu and B.

Long Causes.

113-02—Crawford B and Co—N C Macleod vs Lakhmsey Nagoo and others—Maiel H and M.
453-02—Ardeshir H D and Co—Karsandas Mathooradas and others vs Chuttoorbhooj Kalmjit—Sorabji and J.
835-02—F P Pavri—Mahomed Hossum Bin Shaik Ahamed Mastha vs Mahomed Ismail Mahomed and others.
80-01—Seth Hajee Ismail N—Hoovram Raghoba and others vs Narsgen Bhowram Doshmook and another—Bickneil M and M.
270-01—Ardeshir H D and Co Harichand Sunderlal vs Goswami Shri Nursinglalee Mansukhal J and S
490—Tarjee D and Co—Tarachund Lukmandas vs Jamnadas Hurdayal and others—Payne G S and M.
793-01—Lalloo and Co Perozsha Rastomjee Khamballa vs Dadjeeshaw S Cursetwalla Jamsetjee and H
389-01—Mathi B and B Wasi Patek vs Satya Ahamabai widow Captain V
19-01—Matabhai J and M K Nonsey vs A M Nonsey and others Payne G S and others.
210-02—Mathowji V Harilal Jamnadas and others vs Hargovandas Jugjivandas and others Matubhai J and M
190-01—Wadia and O—Hirjee Bhogeelya Rowjee Rughunath and others—M B and Nathabaw.
191-02—Craigie L and O—Sirdar Gurmukh Singh and others vs Messrs William Watson and Co and others—Mitchell S and M.
625-02—Rustomjee P Mehta—Gunput Gyanoo vs Bhimjee Hudsajee alias Ambroise—D D Rimer.

Before the Hon Mr Justice BATTY.
For Judgment.

881-99—H B Mehta—Manoobai vs Bombai widow and others—Bhalshanker and G and J & N Motabhoy.
511-02—Jamsetjee and R—Moloe Panna and others vs Hurchandas Vundrawandas—Edgelow G and W.
102-02—M H Chothia—Suna Lakmjee and Co vs Ranchordas Vundrawandas—Edgelow G and W.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

Long Causes.

491-01—Unwalla and P—Jalbhai Rustomjee vs Edward Miller and another—Crawford B and Co. Part heard.
333-02—Edgelow G and W—M Bijonji vs Luximbai widow.
158, 427 and 428-02—Crawford B and Co—The Municipal Corporation for the city of Bombay vs Dahyabhoy Tapidas and others—B Rugavaya.
335-02—Captain and V—Devoobai widow vs Rukhmabai widow—Jamsetjee and H and Wadia and G.
277-01—Mirza and M—Mirza Hooseinkhan vs Mackia Begam widow and others—Lattie and Co.
255-02—Mulla and M—Bibibai widow vs Ranbai widow and others—Khanderao and S.
317-01—Mulla and M—Lalji Koovarji and another vs Ghella Dawsey and others—Matabhai J and M, and D D Rustomjee.
184-02—Lattie and Co—Haridas Ramdas Bhanji vs Carsandas Ramdas and others—Ardesir H D and Co.
473-01—Chhibe H and M—Narayen Vingayak vs Dinkar Nana Morovejee and others—Lattie and Co.
717-01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Sonabai vs Manabhai Jeewanjee Contractor—Jamsetjee and R.
751-01—Captain and V—Kaloo Chanzi and others vs Yemnabai widow and another—Mirza and M.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk

As a guarantee of Quality, see the MILKMAID on every Tin.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

TRADE MARK.

"J'ACCUSE."

TO THE RIGHT HON. ARTHUR J. BALFOUR, M. P.

THE WHITAKER-WRIGHT CASE.

The "Pall Mall" publishes the following pungent letter in the style of M. Zola to the Premier over the signature of Mr. Arnold White :—

Sir,—I accuse the Law Officers of the Crown of making statements in the House of Commons in connection with the London and Globe cash for Party purposes with intent to mislead the House of Commons and the public. No hypothesis based on the ignorance of the Attorney-General and Solicitor-General is tenable. When the unprotected Birs of the Millwall Company falsified his book the arm of the law was long enough and strong enough to reach him and to strike him down. When the favoured and fashionable Whitaker-Wright falsified the balance sheets and other documents of the Globe the Law Officers of the Crown declare that the arm of the law is neither long enough to reach nor strong enough to strike the late managing director of the London and Globe Company. In making these statements the Law Officers of the Crown were practising upon the academic ignorance of the Prime Minister and his indifference to practical affairs.

The law of the land needs no amendment in order to punish Whitaker Wright. That law is comprised in Section 84 of the Larceny Act of 1861 which makes it a criminal offence to publish a fraudulent balance sheet, and Section 153 of the Companies Act of 1862, which makes it a criminal offence for a director to falsify the books of a company. These are the laws under which the unprotected Birs and thousands of other middle class criminals have been successfully convicted. These are the laws under which Whitaker Wright ought to have been indicted. When the Law Officers of the Crown pretended that the law required amendment and thus enabled you, Sir, to state as a fact in your place in the House of Commons that the law was defective, they said what was untrue, and what every lawyer and layman in the House of Commons knows to be untrue. If there was a defect in the law after the Companies Act of 1900 passed, why was the King's Speech silent? This Act was passed after the prolonged deliberations of a Royal Commission. Is the public to understand that this Royal Commission and the subsequent legislation which crystallised in the form of the Companies Act of 1900 was a farce and a sham and of no effect? The only logical alternative is that the law is not defective, and that the statement made by you on 19th February was a careless statement made without foundation in order to save the Attorney-General's face and your Government from defeat.

I accuse you, the Prime Minister of England, of stating what is inexact to the Commons of England when you declared in your speech of 19th February that "the fault lies in the law." You are not ignorant of the statement published by me on Sunday, 22nd February, that the names of His Majesty the King and His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearn are being utilised by the financial and social ring of which Whitaker-Wright is the ring-leader to protect him from attack.

I accuse you of evading your duty to the King and to the people of England in allowing the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General to override your power of initiative and thus preventing His Majesty's Government from prosecuting the directors of the London and Globe Company. The middle and working classes of England have no protection for the investments of their communities if the names of the late Governor-General of India, of the late Governor of the Cape, and of Court officials are permitted to cover a fraud which is a misdemeanour under the existing law of England. When this law for Party purposes is misrepresented by the Law Officers of the Crown, and the House of Commons is thus induced to give credit to statements which are devoid of foundation, the guilt of Whitaker-Wright's crimes is shared, not only by the late Lord Dufferin and the late Lord Loch, but by the Government of which you sit are the head. As the late Lord Dufferin was a necessary instrument in the campaign of fraud for which Whitaker-Wright is responsible, so the advice of the Attorney-General and your acquiescence in that misstatement are as requisite for the immunity of Whitaker Wright as the complicity of members of the Carlton Club was for the perpetration of the crime.

That not one barrister in the House of Commons should have dared to rise in his place to challenge the erroneous advice given to you by the Attorney-General is a sign of the decay of public spirit in the House of Commons. I am informed and believe that many of the legal members of Parliament have been retained by Whitaker-Wright. If this is so the silence of these men is intelligible, but why was not one legal member brave enough to rise in his place and tell the Prime Minister that when he said that "the law was in fault" he was wrong, that the law was not in fault, and that what was in fault was the desire of the Government to screen Whitaker-Wright, the members of the Carlton Club, and of smart society who have guiltily profited in this fraud.

I accuse the non-legal members of the House of Commons of gross cowardice, with the exception of Mr. George Lambert, Mr. William McArthur, and a few more who spoke the truth. Sir Albert Rollit, a solicitor, it is true, displayed meritorious courage in arraigning the law of the Attorney-General. But the bulk of the House of Commons allowed themselves to be hustled into a shameful silence. I accuse the House of Commons of being afraid to bring me to the Bar of the House. If they dare to do so I will justify and repeat the words I have written. The Commons of England represent the people, but the people are behind me and not behind the House of Commons in the London and Globe case. Never until 1895 has there been a time in the history of England when the corruption was so gross and the desire for the acquisition of unearned wealth was so strong as to lead to the complicity of Government departments in the fraudulent ambitions of financial adventurers. Parliament at a critical moment of National life has failed in courage and decision. It might have put a stop to proceedings which have become more and more scandalous as time goes on, but the mechanical infamy of the Party system secured a majority for the Government and thus condoned a crime against the healthiest, purest, and most industrious classes in the community. The House of Commons is losing the modicum of respect its former career has inspired. The Dreyfus affair and the Panama scandals in France had no element more sordid and no feature more ugly than the complicity of English Ministers in the London and Globe scandal.

The law (meaning the statute law) is efficient. The House of Commons (meaning the majority of the House of Commons) is inefficient, callous, and indifferent to the welfare of the State. Were it not so the London and Globe scandal would have been sifted not by me but by them. When you, Sir, as Prime Minister, stated that the law required amendment and the Law Officers of the Crown assented to that astounding statement, and the House of Commons silently concurred in the murder of justice, the time came for a private citizen to arraign your for your dreadful responsibility;

I am credibly informed by many members of the House of Commons that but for your statement as to the law being at fault, based on the Law Officers' erroneous advice, there would have been a majority against you. In my opinion this majority was not honestly obtained. I accuse you of betraying your Imperial trust by sheltering the guilt of the wealthy and fashionable, and sacrificing the little people to the miserable interest of your incompetent Administration.

SIRANGE DEATH IN JAIL.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

MR. DOBBIN, Coroner of Calcutta, assisted by a jury on Sunday afternoon held an inquest at the Presidency Jail, touching the death of a European under-trial prisoner, "Professor" C. Henslowe which took place on Saturday afternoon in the jail hospital. The prisoner it will be remembered, was arrested in Waltair near Madras, brought down to Calcutta, and placed by Inspector Markiew before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of breach of trust in respect of a cheque for Rs. 500 drawn by Mr. Mumford, Civil Engineer and Manager of the Bengal Saw Mills in favor of Mr. Stewart in connection with the purchase by the former from the latter of a Deodorizer, of which the deceased was the patentee. The case was fixed for hearing on the 25th instant, and Henslowe was meanwhile remanded to jail. After undergoing the usual examination by the jail doctor, who found him to be in good health, he was confined in his cell. About 1 p. m. the warder on duty hearing a noise, went up to Henslowe's cell, when he called for some water. On this being supplied to him Henslowe was found to be bleeding. An alarm was raised, the jailor, Mr. Lees with the native doctor proceeded to the cell followed by the Superintendent, Captain Mulvany. Henslowe was found suffering from injuries about the throat and wrists. It would appear that Henslowe was supplied with a tin mug on admission into jail. He is alleged to have broken the tin mug and with a broken piece of the tin inflicted the injuries in question. He was removed to the jail hospital where the wounds were dressed. He died the same afternoon at 3 p. m. The medical evidence showed that the injuries in question were superficial and that death was due to the failure of the heart's action due to "delirium tremens." The jury returned a verdict to that effect.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

CONTENTS :—

1-2 ADVERTISEMENTS.
3 CONTENTS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.
4 THE WEEK.
5 The Bombay Services—Alleged Cheating.
6 Bombay Port Trust—Alleged Dacoity and Murder—The Police Commission—Sale of Goods of the Bengal Mills—The Plague in Poona—Dacoits Punished with Transportation—New Justices of the Peace—Tigers in the Central Provinces.
7-8-9-10 The Viceroy's Legislative Council.
11 SPORTING NEWS: Bombay Yacht Club Races—Rev Father Gluder of the Bettiah Mission—Racing in Mahabaleshwar.
12 The Poona and Kirkee Foxhounds—Florence of the Medicis.
13 The Frontier Force Reorganization—Execution at the Yerrowda Jail—Bombay Provincial Conference—The "Plague Goddess" of Poona—Honour for the Viceroy.
14 The Frontier Force Abolished—A "Plague Goddess" sent to Jail—Bombay Legislative Council.
15 Murder with a Hatchet.
16 National Indian Association—Bank of Bengal Forgery Case—Administration of a Stupefying Drug—Notes from Goa—Counterfeiting Coin.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: The Viceroy and the Budget—The Census, a Glorious Romance.
18 LEADING ARTICLES: The Record of Rights Bill—Questions at the Council—A Modern Alchemist.
19 LEADING ARTICLES: For Our Better Defence—Bombay Light Horse Camp—British Columbia.
20 LEADING ARTICLES: Play and Players at Monte Carlo—General Kitchener on War Training.
21 The Pasteur Institute—Military Intelligence—The Will of a Wealthy Baniya—Universities Commission's Report.
22 Bombay Standing Committee—The Jamnagar Installation—A Reference Book for the Cotton Trade—Bombay Corporation.
23 Indian Inventions and Designs—The National Bank of India, Ld—The Chartered Bank—A Calcutta Divorce Case.
24 Bombay Improvement Trust—Presidency Plague Returns—Bombay Rifle Club—The Far East.
25 Tribunal of Appeal—Bombay Command Orders—Government of India Orders—Passengers per s s Austria—Bombay Government Orders.
26 Arrival of the Overland Mails of 6th March—Shipping Intelligence—Railway Returns—The Bombay Press Current.
27-28 Commercial Intelligence—Bombay Bank and Stock List.

GOUT

The symptoms constitute clear evidence that uric acid is being retained in the body instead of being eliminated from it. These symptoms all point to accumulations of uric acid being formed, which will cause pain, suffering, and even agonising torment in the future. We give them in detail below :—

Acidity, Heartburn or Flatulence after meals.
Sluggish Liver, accompanied by dull pain in the right side.
Irritation between the fingers, in the palms, or about the ankle; a feeling of burning on the skin, often without redness.
Small concretions on the outer rim of the ear, and lumps under the iskinon arms, breast, and legs.
Stiffness and pain in the joints and muscles.

These symptoms point direct to the use of Bishop's Varalettes, and indicate the need for commencing at once. Nothing can be gained by delay, but a great deal of avoidable suffering may have to be endured as a result of procrastination.

OTHER PEOPLE HAVE PROVED THE VALUE OF
BISHOP'S VARALETTES
IN URIC ACID TROUBLES.

Ever since Bishop's Varalettes have been offered to the public, they have been proving their transcendent virtues. When such statements as the following, occur in letter after letter, it must be clear that Bishop's Varalettes do what we say they do. Such extracts as these frequently appear in the letters we receive: "Now he is better than he has been for twenty years, and all this Change has been brought about by Bishop's Varalettes." "I am a new man since I took Bishop's Varalettes, being able to sleep at night, where formerly I was awake for hours with pains in my shoulders and hips." "Bishop's Varalettes are really a boon, and I recommend them to everyone." "During the past year I have on several occasions warded off an attack of Gout by taking Bishop's Varalettes as soon as the well-known symptoms appeared." "From the day I took Bishop's Varalettes to this I have never suffered the slightest pain, had a suspicion of gravel, or anything else." The conclusion to be drawn from these extracts is simply irresistible, and points you to the way in which you may regain your health and comfort.

Of all Chemists in Two Sizes.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS—
ALFRED BISHOP, LTD.,
48 Spelman Street, LONDON.

"Sold by the following local Chemists :—KEMP & Co., Ltd.; TREACHER & Co., Ltd., M. T. MADON & Co. 24/26 ABDUL RAHIMAN Street; EDULJEE BROTHERS Crawford Market; MASTER BROTHERS, Gunbow Lane, Fort, Bombay.

S. & H. HARRIS' EBONITE BLACKING

S. & H. HARRIS' HARNESS PREPARATIONS.

For Boots and Shoes, Harness and all Black Leather Articles.

Does not injure the leather.

Requires no brushing.

ASK FOR IT.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING HARRIS'S Harness Composition

S. & H. HARRIS Coach and Cab Hood

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers.

Manufactory: LONDON, E., ENGLAND.

'DARTRING' LANOLINE' 'DARTRING' BRAND

Natural Toilet Preparations.

The 'Dartring' brand appears upon all the original genuine 'Lanoline' Preparations.

'DARTRING' TOILET 'LANOLINE' in small and large collapsible tubes. Makes rough skins smooth and protects delicate complexions from the effects of wind and sun.

'DARTRING' 'LANOLINE' TOILET SOAP is unequalled for cleansing and keeping the skin supple. It never irritates.

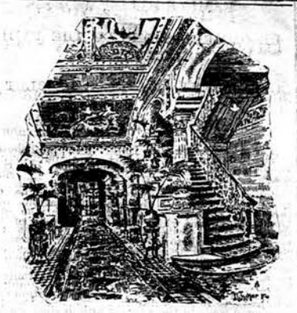
Wholesale: 67, Holborn Viaduct, E.C.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

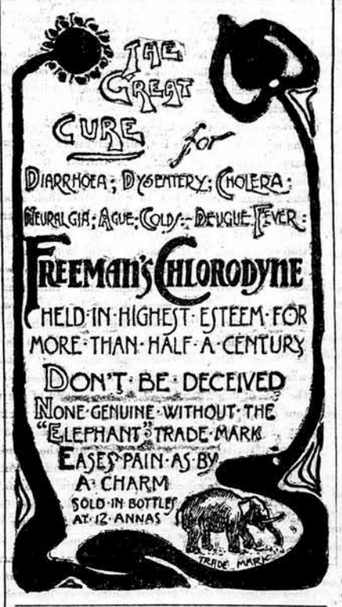
Imparts an added flavour to all Meats, Game, Fish, Soups, &c.

None genuine without the Signature of Lea & Perrins in white across the red label.

THE ORIGINAL & GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE.



LONDON, Prince of Wales Hotel de Vere Gardens, Kensington, W. Family suites. Recreation, Reading, Billiard and Smoking Rooms. Spacious new Dining Saloon All Bedrooms ventilated with patent apparatus. Sumptuous yet economical. Telegrams 'Suasively London." Terms, from 9/6 p.m. day.



MINERAL WATERS.
TRADE REQUISITES.

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences, Oils and Colourings from well known English manufacturers. Sulphuric Acid and other acids.

REFINED
SACCHARIN
and every article connected with Aerated water factory; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate price from

CURRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.
General Merchants and Commission Agents
No. 104, Bhoosari Moholla, BOMBAY.

Rupture Cured.

Suffered Forty Years, and Nigh to Death.

Remarkable Experiences of a Citizen of Llansamlet, Glamorganshire.

One of the best known engineers in Glamorganshire is rejoicing in the fact that, after suffering forty years with a dangerous rupture, was finally cured by a truss invented and perfected by Dr. W. S. Rice, of London. Mr. Thomas is never so happy as when telling the story of his cure. For the greater part of his life he suffered intense pain; his rupture being of such a nature that he was unable to find any truss that would keep the rupture in place until he learned of the Dr. Rice method. The testimony of Mr. Thomas is fully borne out by a letter received from his employer (one of the most influential mine owners in Wales), who states that he sets like an unfailing mechanism, and that he can now perform his work easily, whereas before using this wonderful treatment he could hardly walk. The cure has attracted the attention of hundreds of people throughout the country. Dr. Rice has recently prepared a book, giving a full description of his method. It is a home cure at a very small cost, and the best of all it cures without pain, danger, operation, detention from work, or inconvenience of any kind. Readers should send for this book and post it to anyone they know to be ruptured. Such an act of kindness will be worth a great deal to those who suffer from rupture. With at once to Dr. W. S. Rice (Dept. 617), 8 and 9, Stonecutter Street, London, E.C.

MR. G. THOMAS.

M. K. BUX & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRST CLASS
BILLIARD TABLES.
FIRST CLASS MATERIALS,
FIRST CLASS DESIGNS,
FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP
BILLIARD BALLS and CUES—a Speciality
Our Billiard and Bagatelle Tables have, for years past, established
A REPUTATION
Among lovers of a good game on
A GOOD TABLE.
PRICES MODERATE.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE,
900, PAREL ROAD, BOMBAY.

T. S. BENNETT & CO.
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
Medows Street, Bombay.
Preserve Your Sight

By using perfect American Pebble Spectacles Eye-Glasses, &c.

UNEQUAL VISION

ABOUT eighty persons out of each Hundred have some difference of Focus between the two eyes and yet the majority are content to wear Spectacles made with both lenses alike; the result is continual straining and impairment of the Vision. For the Eyes to be used healthily, each Eye should be suited separately. This method is always practised by T. S. Bennett & Co., Ophthalmic Opticians, Medows Street, Bombay, (see their Pamphlet, "Defects of Sight"), where they may be consulted personally, or by letter, Free of Charge respecting Spectacles for all forms of defective Vision.

Illustrated Price List and our Pamphlet "Defects of Sight," free on application.

Stephens' Inks

Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons for Typewriters.

No Stable is complete without

ELLIMAN'S

EMBROCATION

NOTICE!
THE ELLIMAN FIRST AID BOOK.
HORSES, DOGS, BIRDS, CATTLE.

A BAD UNBOUND HORSE.

170 Pages Illustrated.
Sent for 1/- in stamps, or upon receipt of the

M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

To the joy of her many friends and admirers, Miss Agnes Fraser has recovered from the illness which has for so long deprived the Savoy cast of the presence of an established favourite, and taken up, in "A princess of Kensington," the name-part which she was obliged to relinquish within a few days of the production of the new German-Hood opera. There is nothing in this world so disappointing to an actress (or to an actor) as being removed by sickness from a play which promises, at rehearsal, success for all concerned, nor can the doctor who attends a patient under these circumstances have a more dread antagonist to his treatment than the worry which such disappointment occasions in the stricken one's breast. Wherefore pretty Miss Agnes Fraser's illness has been one to arouse special sympathy, and both she and her husband (Mr. Walter Passmore) have the heartiest congratulations of their hosts of well-wishers upon the recovery of a soprano who is as charming as she is talented.

Captain Basil Hood's punning is evidently catching for Miss Agnes Fraser has received from a Savoy "Stallite" some congratulatory lines which are headed "To a Princess of Can-sing-tune"! This is quite as appalling and almost as ingenious as the best examples of word-twisting performed by the late H. J. Byron. The lines with which "Stallite" welcomes Miss Fraser back to the Savoy, and to what, it is hoped, is something more than "fairly good healf," are written on the model provided by Captain Hood in the now-famous quartette, "We're Four Jolly Sailormen,' Here is Captain Hood:

We're four jolly sailormen
Come up from the sea,
(There's Bill Blake, Will Weatherly,
Jem Johnson, and me);
Enjoying our liberty
In fairly good healf—
(Meanin' Bill Blake, Will Weatherly,
Jem Johnson, and self).

And here is "Stallite":

We're all of us jubilant
Sweet Agnes to see!
(There's Bill Pit, Will Gallery,
Jem Circle, and me);
And here's to your Highness's
Good luck and good healf!
(From Bill Pit, Will Gallery,
Jem Circle, and self!)

The Princess of "Can-sing-tune," "alias" Miss Agnes Fraser, "alias" Mrs. Walter Passmore, will in April next have been on the stage only four years. Within this short period she has worked her way up to the position of Savoy "prima donna" from a D'Oyly Carte chorus. Excellent as is the musical talent of which Savoy choruses are ever made up, Miss Fraser's is nevertheless a notable achievement, and the more so for the reason that she did not (she confesses) make an uncommonly brilliant start. As a matter of awful fact, to be whispered only when no one is by, the Scotch soprano (she came from Fife, with the voice of a flute) had to be reminded by an ironic stage manager on more than one occasion connected with her earliest experiences of rehearsal, that in this part of the play or that she was "supposed to be alive"!

The first two years of Miss Agnes Fraser's professional time were taken up in the Gilbert and Sullivan operas by small parts in London and principal parts in the provinces; and it was really not until Miss Isabel Jay left her engagement with the Savoy for her marriage with Mr. Harry Cavendish, the well-known traveller, that Miss Fraser had her London 'chance.' This was represented by an offer made to her by the Savoy management to take Miss Isabel Jay's place, and it was by means of her successful appearance.

In "Merrie England," in which her beautiful voice was heard to the best advantage in the songs, "She had a letter from her love," and "Who shall say that love is cruel?" that Miss Fraser established herself as a Savoy principal. After a most successful and eventful visit (the provinces where she was very warmly received, Miss Fraser returned to London, to rehearse for "A Princess of Kensington," and it was, as has been said, during rehearsal time that the dainty soprano, now playing and singing as Kenna so charmingly at the Savoy, was suddenly taken ill, her part falling to Miss Constance Drever, whose appearance in it on the night of the new opera's production represented actually, as everyone knows, her very first experience of performing in public. Miss Drever has herself made a most favourable impression with Savoy audiences; and in welcoming Miss Fraser back to the theatre they will not forget, it is to be hoped, to propose a very hearty vote of thanks to the retiring soprano.

While Miss Gertie Millar on the first night of "The Linkman; or, Gaiety Memories" (a supplement to "The Toreador,") was representing the Kate Vaughan of those memories—the Kate Vaughan as she appeared as Morgiana in "The Forty Thieves"—some of the older members of the audience peeped back into the Gaiety's past for a few seconds, and wondered what had become of the founder of the most graceful as well as the most popular school of stage dancing ever introduced. First-nighters, with whom the writer of these notes has been acquainted for over twenty years, sought each other's glance when Miss Gertie Millar's "memory" of Kate Vaughan appeared, and smiled and nodded as much as to say, "Do you remember?" On that night, perhaps at that very moment, Miss Kate Vaughan lay breathing her last in Johannesburg. It was a most melancholy coincidence that while the famous dancer was dying in Johannesburg someone should have been reviving her in London, and the sadness of it all is much felt at the Gaiety, where the poor lady represented a considerable degree of illuminating power when the "sacred lamp of burlesque" was burning at its best and brightest, under the care of Mr. George Edwardes's predecessor, Mr. John Hollingshead.

It was some time after Miss Kate Vaughan, owing to persistent ill-health, gave up dancing for the less exhausting exercise of Sheridan comedy, that it became fashionable for young ladies of what Miss Connie Ediss (in character) would call "igh Sassiety" to perform the skirt dance at charity bazaars. Indeed, the unmatched dancing of Miss Kate Vaughan was quite a thing of the past when the musical comedy "In Town" was produced, and someone said in it, in reference to the aforesaid Society craze, "Charity uncovers a multitude of shins! And it was when the fashion was at its height that I had the pleasure of meeting Miss Vaughan at a Daly matinee (during, I think it was, the run of "The Geisha) and listening to her remarks on dancing in general and Miss Letty Lind's in particular. "I suppose, if you were weenough, said a lady to her, you would start a skir dancing class and make a lot of money out of teaching. The dancer smiled sadly and replied, "No; if I were well enough I would try and make a lot of money out of "my own pancing again! Then she added, after a reflective pause, "But Letty Lind would make more!" Miss Vaughan was an enthusiastic admiral of Miss Lind's dancing, and was evidently glad to see her meeting with success through methods of her own (Miss Vaughan's) foundation.

The musical celebrity of the hour is undoubtedly Miss Marie Hall, the girl violinist—or the young woman violinist, for she will be nineteen in April. And the wonderful part of it all is that she is not a foreigner! Miss Hall is one of a family of four—two girls and two boys, and all of marked musical promise—and was born at Newcastle-on-Tyne. It is, unfortunately, true that the violinist's early efforts to turn her talent to some practical account were accompanied by much misery. But she has emerged from the clouds of her girlhood looking none the worse for the gloomy experience, and says to-day that she feels fit to attack any amount of hard work. Of slight and dainty build (in this somewhat resembling another girl performer of a different sphere, Miss Cecilia Loftus), with a strikingly intellectual brow and a refined face, whose whole expression suggests enthusiasm in anticipation and perfect calmness in realisation, Miss Marie Hall has yet not the look of a student who has struggled. Her delicacy of appearance is a natural, healthy, strong delicacy—clear and brilliant, like the delicacy of her playing. Her manner is not that of a great artist who feels and knows her greatness, but of a modest girl radiant with gratitude towards everything and everybody around her. Her triumphs seem completely to have obliterated all unpleasant recollections from her mind; and is quite evident to the person who would draw her on to the subject of her bitter experience of the world and its ways when she was scarcely big enough to get a proper grip of her violin, that she has no intention of making dramatic capital out of contrasting her earlier with her later life. Of Kubelik, who introduced her to Professor Sevcik, and of Professor Sevcik, who put the finishing touches to her talent, and with beautiful generosity lent her his own violin for her debut in London, Miss Marie Hall speaks with reverent admiration and sincerest gratitude, and it is refreshing to see how carefully she avoids, when alluding to her studies under Sevcik, the fact of the master's high opinion of the pupil.

Mrs. Brown Potter writes to me from what is known in the theatrical world as en route, and asks me to solve a puzzle for her. I would gladly do so if I could, but the matter she puts before me is far too much for my powers of ingenuity. When Mrs. Potter was a little girl of eight she was in the habit of reciting Longfellow's "Hiawatha" to her father's friends. Ever since that time "Hiawatha" has been a great favourite with her, and she has recited it over and over again, in public and in private. Of late Mrs. Brown Potter in harmony with the general scheme of the entertainment she is travelling with over the United Kingdom, has been giving "Hiawatha" to a piano accompaniment by Mr. Adolph Mann, who has composed the music he plays, and—well, here comes the puzzle Mrs. Potter rather cruelly sets me. A famous firm of music publishers claim the right to stop Mrs. Potter from continuing these recitations because they are "running" the poem, set to music by another composer, themselves. The actress claims that, inasmuch as "Hiawatha" is every body's, and Mr. Mann's music his own and hers, she is entitled to continue her charming performances in peace; and she honours me with asking for my opinion of the matter. I am afraid I can say nothing more than that I sincerely hope, largely for the sake of Mrs. Potter's admiring public, that on amicable arrangement may be come to over a performance for too goodto belost.

Sir Francis P. Winter, in a report to the Australian Governor-General, describes a curious race living in pile-dwellings in the swamps of New Guinea. Long existence in their swamp houses has reacted on their physical character, says the Sydney correspondent of the "Express," so much so that they are not able to walk properly on hard ground, their feet bleeding if they try to do so. Sir Francis Winter says that the men look more ape-like than any human beings he has ever seen.]

WILD WITH ECZEMA

And Other Itching, Burning, Scaly Eruptions with Loss of Hair.

Speedy Cure Treatment.

Bathe the affected parts with Hot Water and Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the surface of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and lastly take Cuticura Resolvent Pills, to cool and cleanse the blood. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, pimply humours, eczemas, rashes, irritations, and chafings, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crusting of the scalp, as in scalled head; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ringworm; the awful suffering of infants and the anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter, and salt rheum,—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. Such are the CUTICURA remedies, the purest, sweetest, most speedy and economical curatives for the skin, scalp, and blood ever compounded. Mothers are their warmest friends.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations of women, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated) are a new, tasteless, odourless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Put up in screw-cap pocket vials, containing 60 doses.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. Australian Depot: R. TOWNS & Co., Sydney. British Depot: 27-29, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

LIPTONS

TEAS—Perfect Quality.

COFFEES—Received the Grand Prix at Paris Exhibition.

WHISKIES—Old and mellow.

PROVISIONS—Ham, Bacon, Cheese always fresh and good. Jams, Marmalade, Sugar, Tart Fruits, &c., &c., &c.

COFFEES—Roast and ground daily in India, therefore always fresh.

TEAS—A treat for all.

LIPTONS GOODS are on sale at all dealers or from D. C. OOMRIGAR and D. H. HEERAJEE—BOMBAY.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH.

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., GUILDFORD STREET, LONDON, S.E.

"Never mind baby! It will soon grow now."

'HARLENE'

FOR THE HAIR.

The very Finest Dressing.
Restores the Hair.
Promotes the Growth.
Arrests the Fall.
Strengthens the Roots.
Preserves the Hair.
Renders it Beautifully Soft.
Removes Dandruff.
Allays all Irritation.

Preserves, Strengthens, and Invigorates Childrens' Hair.

Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1/-, 2/6, and (triple size) 4/6 per Bottle from Druggists, &c., all over the World.

Edwards' Harlene Co.
High Holborn, London, Eng.

The "ENSIGN."

CAMERAS FOR PLATES OR FILMS.

The "ENSIGN" Cameras.

Take Daylight Loading Roll Films or Glass Plates. Size of Picture, 4¼×3¼.
Prices .. £3 12s. 6d. to £11 11s. 0d.

The "SANDERSON" Cameras.

Combined Hand and Stand Camera. Perfect for every class of work.

Regular Model	Prices from £6 17 6
Tourist Model	,, £6 10 0
De Luxe Model	,, £10 10 0
Roll Film Model	,, £6 17 6

Of all Photo Dealers or full particulars on application to

GEO. HOUGHTON & SON, 88 & 89, High Holborn, London, W.C.

Colds often hang on. You try this thing and that thing, every kind of home remedy and cheap cough mixtures, and yet your cold continues to hang on.

You must not deal lightly with these old colds. You must get rid of them just as soon as possible. You must take something to break their hold.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

soothes irritable throats, heals inflamed bronchial tubes, and quiets congestion in the lungs. This is why it so quickly controls these old coughs and prevents pneumonia and consumption.

"I was troubled with a very hard cough which I could not get rid of. When I read of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral I sent to Johannesburg and procured a bottle. It completely cured me, and I have many comrades here who have had hard coughs cured in the same way."—WM. SESSIONS, Company C, Second Royal Berks. Regt., Nel's Spruit, Transvaal, S. Africa.

There are many substitutes and imitations. Beware of them! Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Wholesale Agents—KEMP & Co., Ltd. BOMBAY.

MARTIN'S

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free Rs. from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

LANGUID WOMEN
PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS

VIN CHAPOTEAUT

(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)

A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is a [illegible] when no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach. Indicated in constitutional weakness, [illegible] lack of digestive power.

For the Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic, and Convalescent.

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dyspepsia, Chronic Diarrhœa and Ulceration of the Stomach.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PARIS

THE "GENTILLE" WATCH

VERY THIN

Most comfortable in wear, being extremely thin will not distend the pocket

Very Fine LEVER MOVEMENT.

15 Jewels, three extra set and screwed on top plate as in High Class English watches.
REAL CUT EXPANSION BALANCE.
Palladium Hairspring.

FINE BLACK STEEL "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

RS. 32.

EXTRA FINE SILVER "GENTILLE" LEVER WATCH

RS. 40.

Each watch is supplied in case with spare glass and mainspring and the usual written guarantee for 2 years.

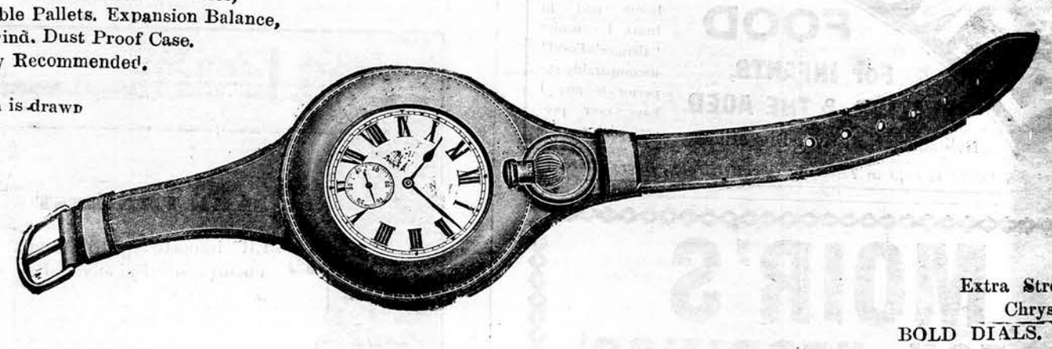
THE "SERVICE" WATCH

COMPLETE IN ENGLISH-MADE WRISTLETS.

Execptionally Fine LEVER WATCH

Jewelled with 15 rubies,
Visible Pallets. Expansion Balance,
Stemwind. Dust Proof Case.
Highly Recommended.

Illustration is drawn actual Size.



Extra Strong Chrystal Glasses
BOLD DIALS.
Perfect Time-keepers.
Specially constructed for rough use.

Real Nickel Silver Case.....Rs. 25.
Fine Silver Case.....Rs. 32.

Prices include wristlets.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'

A SIMPLE REMEDY FOR ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD.

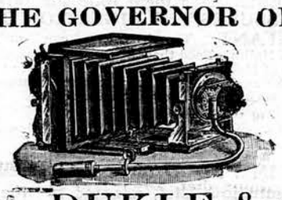
'It is not too much to say that the merits of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' have been published, tested, and approved, literally from Pole to Pole, and that its cosmopolitan popularity to-day presents one of the most signal illustrations of commercial enterprise to be found in our trading records.'—*European Mail.*

CAUTION.—*See Capsule marked* ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' *Without it you have a* WORTHLESS IMITATION.

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, ENG., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists, &c., everywhere.

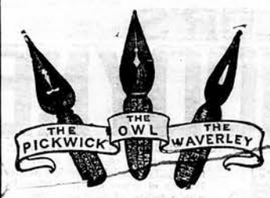
BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY



D. M. DUKLE & Co.
PHOTO DEALERS,
5, Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

THE BOONS AND BLESSINGS.

MACNIVEN & CAMERON'S PENS.



"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,
The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."

Every Pen made by Macniven & Cameron, Ltd., is separately examined by experienced hands, and any found defective are discarded.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Sold by all Stationers throughout the World

MACNIVEN & CAMERON, LTD.
WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.
IN POWDER FORM.
KEEPS INDEFINITELY.
LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.
OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

MAGNESIA

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers the every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of in peech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard. S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop. BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemd & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

FARROW'S "A1" GREEN PEAS

THE ORIGINAL PACKET.

Specially prepared for Boiling
COOK IN 15 MINUTES.

TASTE EXACTLY LIKE FRESH GATHERED PEAS.

Delicious Vegetable all the year round. The richest food the world provides and the cheapest. Contain double the nutriment of Beef. Far nicer than Tinned or Bottled Peas.

FREE FROM COLORING MATTER.

Store Keepers who are not stocking this quick selling Line may obtain SAMPLE GRATIS through British Agents.

LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
J. FARROW & Co., Boston, Eng.

THE "ARCTIC" PATENT DRY COLD AIR REFRIGERATING MACHINE.

NO CHEMICALS USED—AIR ONLY.

THIS MACHINE USES ONLY AIR AND WATER, AND THE TEMPERATURE MAKES NO APPRECIABLE DIFFERENCE TO THE RESULTS OBTAINED. THE WATER IS RETURNED TO A TANK FOR RE-USE.

This illustration shows our smallest size Machine cooling a Cold Chamber 8 ft. by 6 ft.

MADE IN ALL SIZES.

PERFECTLY DRY COLD ROOMS & CONTENTS. No ice, no chemicals required. Can be driven by steam or power. Cold Rooms can be fitted by Local Labour, we supply Plans.

Write for illustrated catalogue to—

T. & W. GILE, LTD.,
PARK ROAD IRONWORKS,
QUEEN'S ROAD, LONDON, E.C.

COPYRIGHT PATENTED IN ALL COUNTRIES.

Digitized with financial support from the Government of India on 19 June, 2017

WEST END'S
ARE THE
BEST WRIST WATCHES.

PRICE IN :

	Rs. a
Nickel Silver Case, Rs. 30 and	35 8
Sterling Silver Case, Rs. 40 and ...	48 0
Silver, Niello Enamelled	52 0
14-ct Gold Case	73 8
18-ct. Gold Case	115 0

All are *perfect Time-keepers*, they each have a clear white enamelled dial (with a seconds hand), and an extra thick crystal glass over it. Bold hands and figures. A special feature of our Watches is the hand setting mechanism by the winding nut.

We make a *larger Wrist Watch* called "THE SOWAR" *just as reliable*
In Nickel Silver Case, at Rs. 25.
Sterling Silver Case, at Rs. 30.
Above rates include the Leather Strap, spare Spring and Glass.

Orders filled by return V.-P. P. Price List free on application.

THE WEST END WATCH COMPANY.
BOMBAY, 11, Hornby Road. (Opposite G. P. O)

Gold Medal, Health Exhibition, London

BENGER'S FOOD
For INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.
Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

BENGER'S FOOD is not only highly nutritive, but is most easily digested, and is so delicious that it is enjoyed by Infants, Invalids, Convalescents and the Aged.

From an Eminent Surgeon :—
"After a lengthened experience of Foods both at home and in India, I consider "Benger's Food" incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

BENGER'S FOOD is sold in TINS by Chemists, etc., Everywhere.

MOIR'S
FRESH HERRINGS.
In 1 lb. Round Flat Tins.

Manufacturers :
JOHN MOIR & SON, LIMITED,
LONDON, ABERDEEN & SEVILLE.
Head Office :—9 and 10, Great Tower Street, London, E.C.

Purveyors by Specal Appointment to His Majesty The King.

"**CAUTION.**—The name of "**PHOSPHODYNE**" is "protected under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of "India, and proceedings will be taken against the vendors of and "colorable or other imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries.

REGISTERED **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable **Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard **Phosphoric** Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "**Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne,** London, England," engraved thereon, by order of her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
CURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENGLAND.

THE WORLD'S WRITING
Is transacted with ease and despatch through the universal use of the

Remington Typewriter.

The Speed, Strength and Reliability of the REMINGTON, and its capacity for years of heavy work, make it the STANDARD Writing Machine in every department of commercial life.

. . Price List and full particulars upon application to . .

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.
100, GRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C., OR TO
WARDEN & CO., Bombay.

By Royal Warrant To H.M. the King.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated but was taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."
"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., appearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

CAUTION.—THESE MARKS NOW CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 310, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

COGNAC A.I. — INVALIDS' PORT

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.

"The Wine Shippers of the East."

Napier Johnstone's Whisky.

Brodie & Co.'s & The Camuslynie Whiskies.

C. P. & Co.'s Clarets, Burgundies, and every other Wine of Good Quality.

AMOROSO SHERRY — PALL MALL WHISKY

BOMBAY.

TH VAFIADIS & Co.'s
High Class and Genuine
Egyptian Cigarettes

ARE THE BEST
EVER imported into India and unsurpassed by any imitators.

Guaranteed Fresh Consignments by P. and O.'s Mail.

HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORY, CAIRO (EGYPT).

BRANCHES : CALCUTTA, RANGOON, AND LONDON.

Agents : In all the Principal Cities of Europe and in the Far East.

Local Depot:—20, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MELLIN'S FOOD
For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD is prepared from wheat and malted barley by machinery, is therefore **purely vegetable,** and during its preparation is **untouched by hand.**

MELLIN'S FOOD is a soluble dry extract, entirely free from starch and cane-sugar; the starch of the wheat having been transformed into dextrin and maltose by malt diastase. When added to diluted cow's milk **it produces a complete and perfect diet.**

MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into an **ideal food for Infants and Invalids;** and **IT ASSURES THE DIGESTION OF THE MILK BY THE INFANT.** The character of cow's milk is so changed by the addition of Mellin's Food that the preparation is adapted for use from birth. By the use of Mellin's Food, and the exercise of proper care, those diseases which make such frightful havoc among infants in India and the East generally, such as diarrhœa, convulsions, the various wasting diseases, have been largely decreased.

Send to any of the Agents mentioned below for book of pictures and testimonials.

MELLIN'S FOOD for a light, sustaining, and highly nutritious diet, adapted for the use of all.

Samples and Pamphlet on the "Care of Infants in India," from the following Wholesale Agents—**BOMBAY**—LATHAM, ABERCROMBIE & CO. **CALCUTTA**—MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO. **COCANADA**—HALL, WILSON & CO. **KURRACHEE**—H. J. RUSTOMJEE & CO. **MADRAS**—OAKES & CO., LTD. **RANGOON**—LATHAM, BLACK & CO.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC

TOILET SOAP.
An excellent Antiseptic Soap for the Skin & Complexion.
Most refreshing to use in Hot Climates.

TOOTH POWDER.
Preserves the Teeth. Strengthens the Gums.
Has the Largest Sale of any Dentifrice.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, England.

ALL WHO DESIRE TO HAVE SOFT VELVETY SKIN, CAN OBTAIN IT BY USING

AN IMPROVED *Preparation of their* CELEBRATED GLYCERINE AND CUCUMBER.

BEETHAM'S LAIT "Larola" Regd

IT KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, *AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun*

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents :—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Limited.
Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay.

DAWSON'S BOOTS.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS — REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380 — TRADE MARK.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED THAT NO BOOTS ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

WALTER MACFARLANE & Co.
SARACEN FOUNDRY,
GLASGOW.

MANUFACTURERS OF
VERANDAHS, CONSERVATORIES, STABLE FITTINGS, BANDSTANDS, RAILINGS, GATES, ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS, BATHS, SANITARY FITTINGS, DRAIN PIPES, AND EVERY KIND OF ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIONAL IRONWORK.

PEARS
Soapmakers

By Royal Warrants

TO THEIR MAJESTIES
The KING and QUEEN

Delicious, Wholesome and Refreshing.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE
Cordial.

Is absolutely the Purest and Best Beverage. It Purifies the Blood.

EST. 1760 JOHN GOSNELL & Co., Ltd. EST. 1760

SOLD EVERYWHERE — SOLD EVERYWHERE

CHERRY BLOSSOM AND FAMORA

PERFUME TOILET POWDER SOAP

LONDON (By Appointment to H.M. the Queen.) & PARIS.

New Meat Extract Label.

The genuine Liebig Company's Extract is now labelled with the initials of Liebig's Extract of Meat Co. in addition to the blue signature

LEMCO

J. Liebig

The new label is intended to assist the public in distinguishing between the Company's Extract and the many imitations with which the Company has no connection.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT.

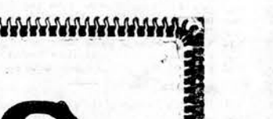
BRICKMAKING MACHINERY

To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.

COMPLETE PLANTS A SPECIALTY.

C. WHITTAKER & CO., LIMITED,
ACCRINGTON, ENGLAND.

Telegraphic Address—"BRICKS," ACCRINGTON. Codes—"A B C" and "ENGINEERING."



A Startling Revelation

People who have battled for years against the tortures of Rheumatism, and have spent fortunes in a vain effort to find relief may be glad to hear that a remedy has been introduced which has effected thousands of wonderful cures in long standing cases of this dire disease. It is the remedy for so-called hopeless cases. Rheumatism of a duration of over 20 years has yielded to its influence.

"Mr. H. E. Wood, Seventh Avenue, New York, writes:—"For the past 5 years I have been laid up totally lame from Rheumatism, and suffered the most excruciating pains; all medical aid was unavailing. Two boxes of **Little's Oriental Balm** cured me completely." Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists.

TORPID LIVER

A friend gave me a bottle of Nature's Herbal Extract and said that he would guarantee it to act on the liver. Somewhat sceptical, I experimented with the remedy, and to my grateful surprise found it entirely efficacious. Whenever I get a "touch" of the liver, I now know what to take.

N. SYDNEY, New Haven, Conn.

NATURE'S HERBAL EXTRACT — THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES ROOTS AND HERBS — SURE CURE FOR LIFE

Sold at 1s 6d per bottle. Of all chemists.

Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Office at No. 15, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and printed at the Steam Press and Job Office, Bombay.